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# Research Faculty Summit 2012

ADVANCING THE STATE OF THE ART



# Verifiable Election Technologies

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July 16, 2012

















# Traditional Voting Methods



# Traditional Voting Methods

- Hand-Counted Paper

**Vote for one option.**

Joe Smith

John Citizen

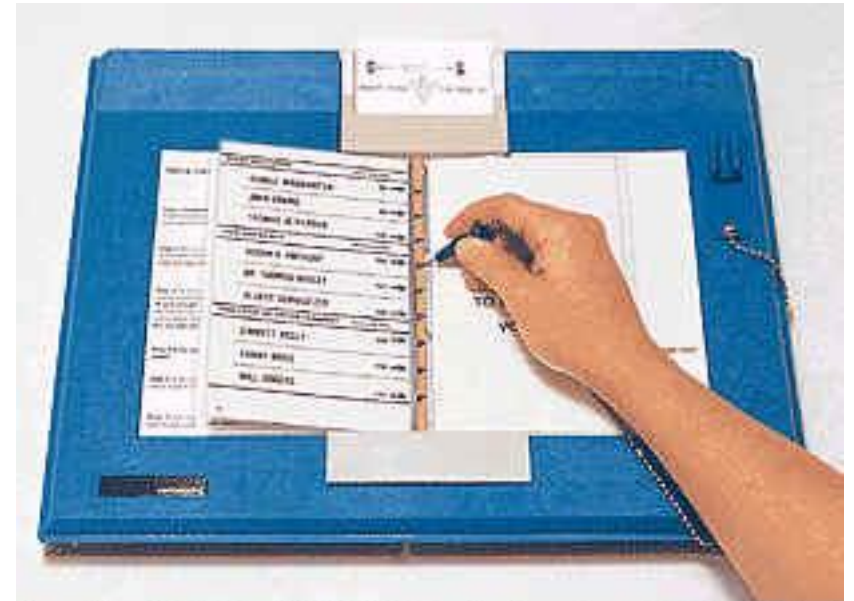
Jane Doe

Fred Rubble

Mary Hill

# Traditional Voting Methods

- Hand-Counted Paper
- Punch Cards



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# Traditional Voting Methods

- Hand-Counted Paper
- Punch Cards
- Lever Machines



# Traditional Voting Methods

- Hand-Counted Paper
- Punch Cards
- Lever Machines
- Optical Scan Ballots

STATE			
<b>GOVERNOR</b> Vote for One			
<input type="radio"/> GARY DAVID COPELAND Chief Executive Officer	Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> DALE F. OGDEN Insurance Consultant/Actuary	
<input type="radio"/> BILL SIMON Businessman/Charity Director	Republican	<input type="radio"/> DAVID I. SHEIDLOWER Financial Services Executive	
<input type="radio"/> REINHOLD GULKE Electrical Contractor/Farmer	American Independent	<input type="radio"/> GARY MENDOZA Businessman	
<input type="radio"/> GRAY DAVIS Governor of the State of California	Democratic	<input type="radio"/> JOHN GARAMENDI Rancher	
<input type="radio"/> IRIS ADAM Business Analyst	Natural Law	<input type="radio"/> STEVE KLEIN Businessman	
<input type="radio"/> PETER MIGUEL CAMEJO Financial Investment Advisor	Green	<input type="radio"/> RAUL CALDERON, JR. Health Researcher/Educator	
<input type="radio"/> Write-In		<input type="radio"/> Write-In	
<b>LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR</b> Vote for One			
<input type="radio"/> PAT WRIGHT Ferret Legalization Coordinator	Libertarian	<input type="radio"/> TOM Y. SANTOS Tax Consultant/Realtor	
<input type="radio"/> PAUL JERRY HANNOSH Educator/Businessman	Reform	<input type="radio"/> BILL LEONARD State Lawmaker/Businessman	
<input type="radio"/> BRUCE MC PHERSON California State Senator	Republican	<input type="radio"/> Write-In	
<input type="radio"/> KALEE PRZYBYLAK Public Relations Director	Natural Law	<b>UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE</b>	
<input type="radio"/> CRUZ M. BUS TAMANTE Lieutenant Governor	Democratic	<b>24<sup>TH</sup> District</b> Vote for One	
<input type="radio"/> JIM KING Real Estate Broker	American Independent	<input type="radio"/> ELTON GALLEGLY U.S. Representative	Republican
<input type="radio"/> DONNA J. WARREN Certified Financial Manager	Green	<input type="radio"/> YES	<input type="radio"/> NO
<input type="radio"/> Write-In			

## OFFICIAL BALLOT

### CONSOLIDATED GENERAL ELECTION

#### SANTA BARBARA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

#### NOVEMBER 5, 2002

**INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS:** To vote for the candidate of your choice, completely fill in the OVAL to the LEFT of the candidate's name. To vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot, darken the OVAL next to and write in the candidate's name on the Write-in line. To vote for a measure, darken the OVAL next to the word "Yes" or the word "No". All distinguishing marks or erasures are forbidden and make the ballot void. If you tear, deface, or wrongly mark this ballot, return it and get another. VOTE LIKE THIS:  **VOTE BOTH SIDES**

<b>FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, COURT OF APPEAL 2nd APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION TWO</b>	Shall ASSOCIATE JUSTICE JUDITH M. ASHMANN be elected to the office for the term prescribed by law? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
<b>FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, COURT OF APPEAL 2nd APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION TWO</b>	Shall ASSOCIATE JUSTICE KATHRYN DOI TODD be elected to the office for the term prescribed by law? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
<b>FOR PRESIDING JUSTICE, COURT OF APPEAL 2nd APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION THREE</b>	Shall PRESIDING JUSTICE JOAN DEMPSEY KLEIN be elected to the office for the term prescribed by law? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO
<b>FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, COURT OF APPEAL 2nd APPELLATE DISTRICT, DIVISION FOUR</b>	Shall ASSOCIATE JUSTICE GARY HASTINGS be elected to the office for the term prescribed by law? <input type="radio"/> YES <input type="radio"/> NO

# Traditional Voting Methods

- Hand-Counted Paper
- Punch Cards
- Lever Machines
- Optical Scan Ballots
- Electronic Voting Machines



# Traditional Voting Methods

- Hand-Counted Paper
- Punch Cards
- Lever Machines
- Optical Scan Ballots
- Electronic Voting Machines
- Touch-Screen Terminals







# Traditional Voting Methods

- Hand-Counted Paper
- Punch Cards
- Lever Machines
- Optical Scan Ballots
- Electronic Voting Machines
- Touch-Screen Terminals
- Various Hybrids



# Vulnerabilities and Trust

*All* of these systems have substantial vulnerabilities.

*All* of these systems require trust in the honesty and expertise of election officials (and usually the equipment vendors as well).

*Can we do better?*

# The Voter's Perspective



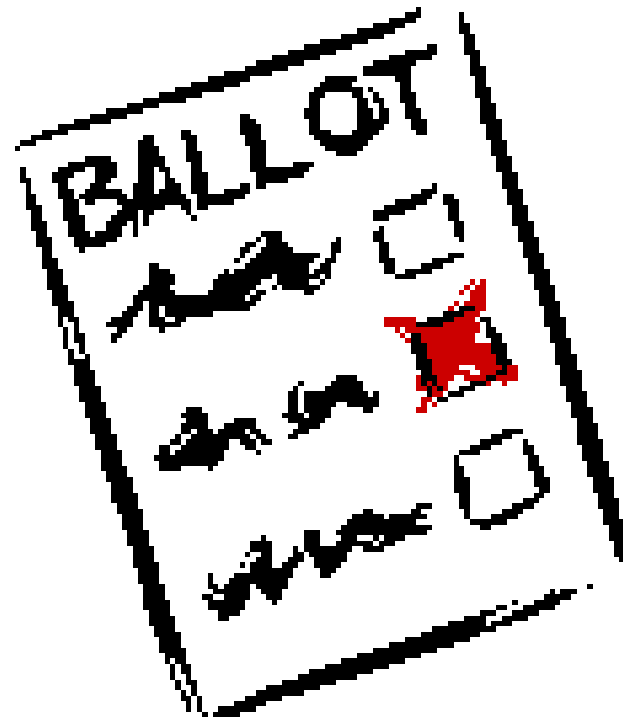
# The Voter's Perspective



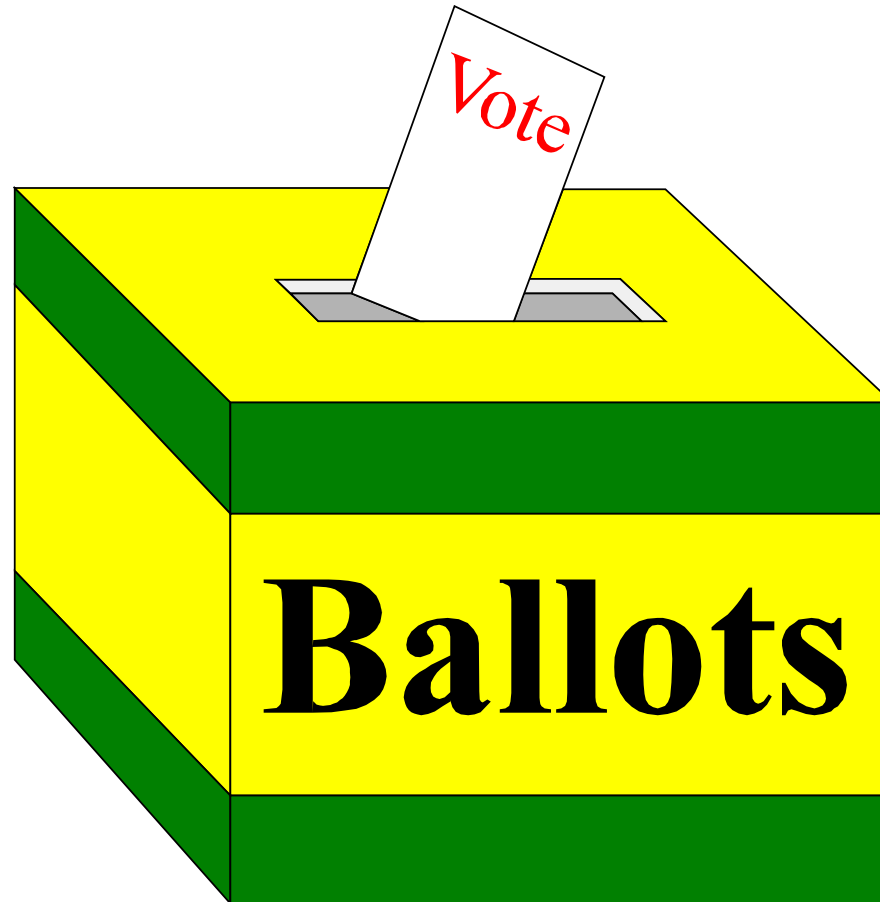
# The Voter's Perspective



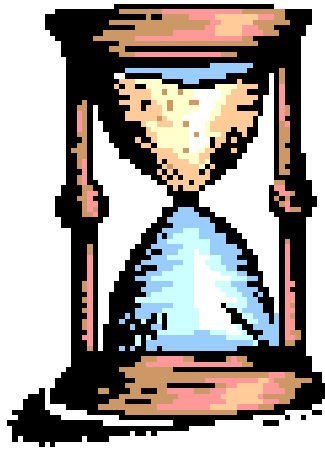
# The Voter's Perspective



# The Voter's Perspective



# The Voter's Perspective





# The Voter's Perspective



# The Voter's Perspective





# The Voter's Perspective

- As a voter, you don't really know what happens behind the curtain.
- You have no choice but to trust the people working behind the curtain.
- You don't even get to choose the people who you will have to trust.



# Fully-Verifiable Election Technologies

(aka End-to-End Verifiable)

Allow voters to track their individual (sealed) votes and ensure that they are properly counted...

... even in the presence of faulty or malicious election equipment ...

... and/or careless or dishonest election personnel.



# Voters can check ...

... that their (sealed) votes have been properly recorded

... and that *all* recorded votes have been properly counted

This is *not* just checking a claim that the right steps have been taken ...

This is actually a check that the counting is correct.

# Where is *My* Vote?





# Where is *My* Vote?

Alice Johnson, 123 Main –

**YES**

Bob Ramirez, 79 Oak –

**NO**

Carol Wilson, 821 Market –

**NO**



# End-to-End Voter-Verifiability

As a voter, I can be sure that

- My vote is
  - Cast as intended
  - Counted as cast
- All votes are counted as cast

... without having to trust *anyone* or *anything*.





But wait ...

This isn't a *secret-ballot* election.

Quite true, but it's enough to show that voter-verifiability is possible

... and also to falsify arguments that electronic elections are inherently untrustworthy.



# Privacy

The only ingredient missing from this *transparent* election is privacy – and the things which flow from privacy (e.g. protection from coercion).

Performing tasks while preserving privacy is the bailiwick of cryptography.

Cryptographic techniques can enable *fully-verifiable* elections while preserving voter privacy.

# Where is *My* Vote?

Alice Johnson, 123 Main –



Bob Ramirez, 79 Oak –



Carol Wilson, 821 Market –



# Where is *My* Vote?

Alice Johnson, 123 Main –



Bob Ramirez, 79 Oak –



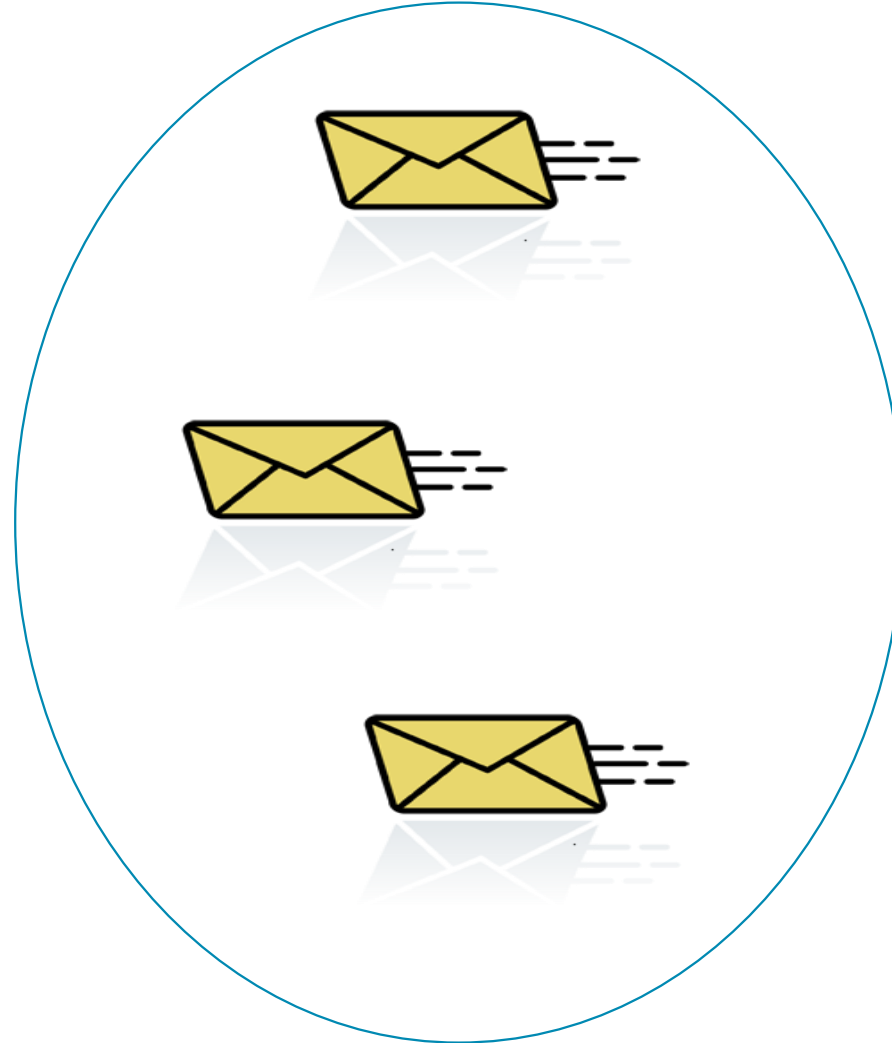
Carol Wilson, 821 Market –



# Where is *My* Vote?



# Where is *My* Vote?

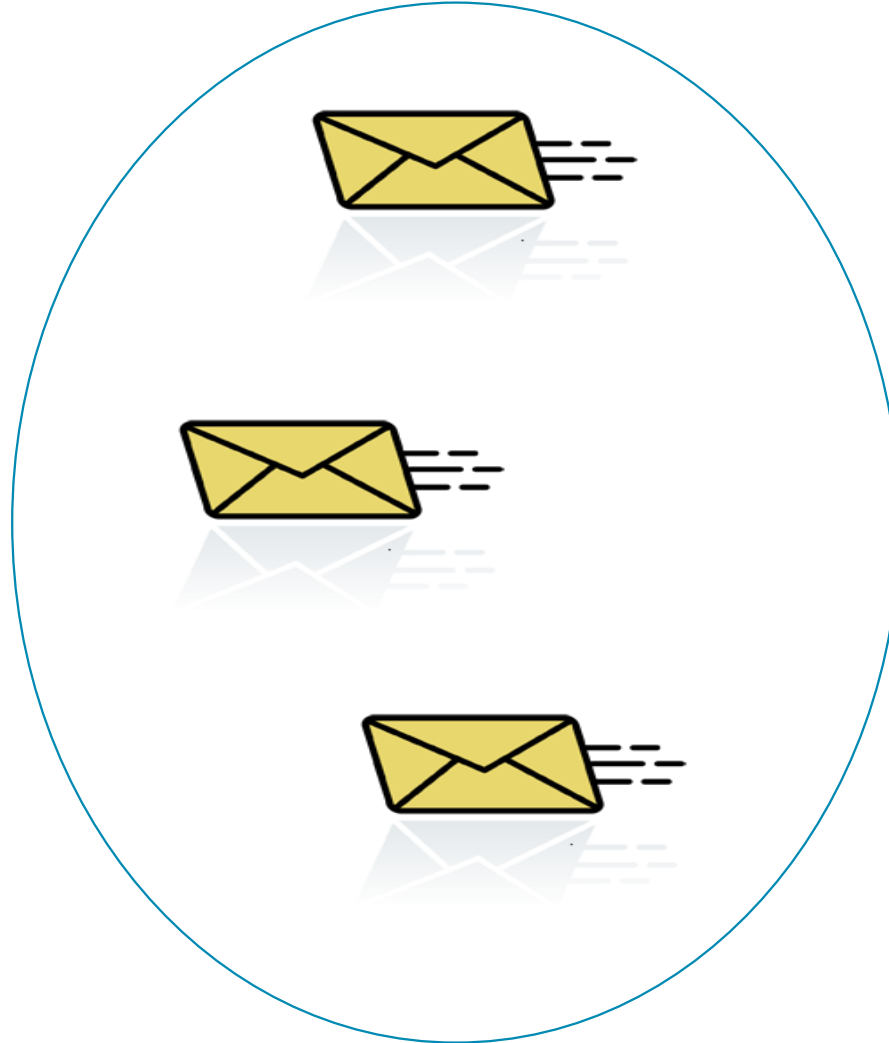
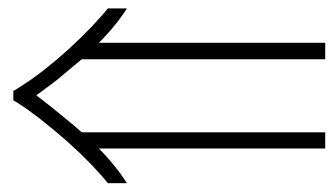




# Where is *My* Vote?

No – 2

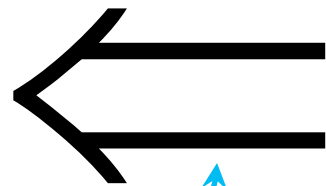
Yes – 1



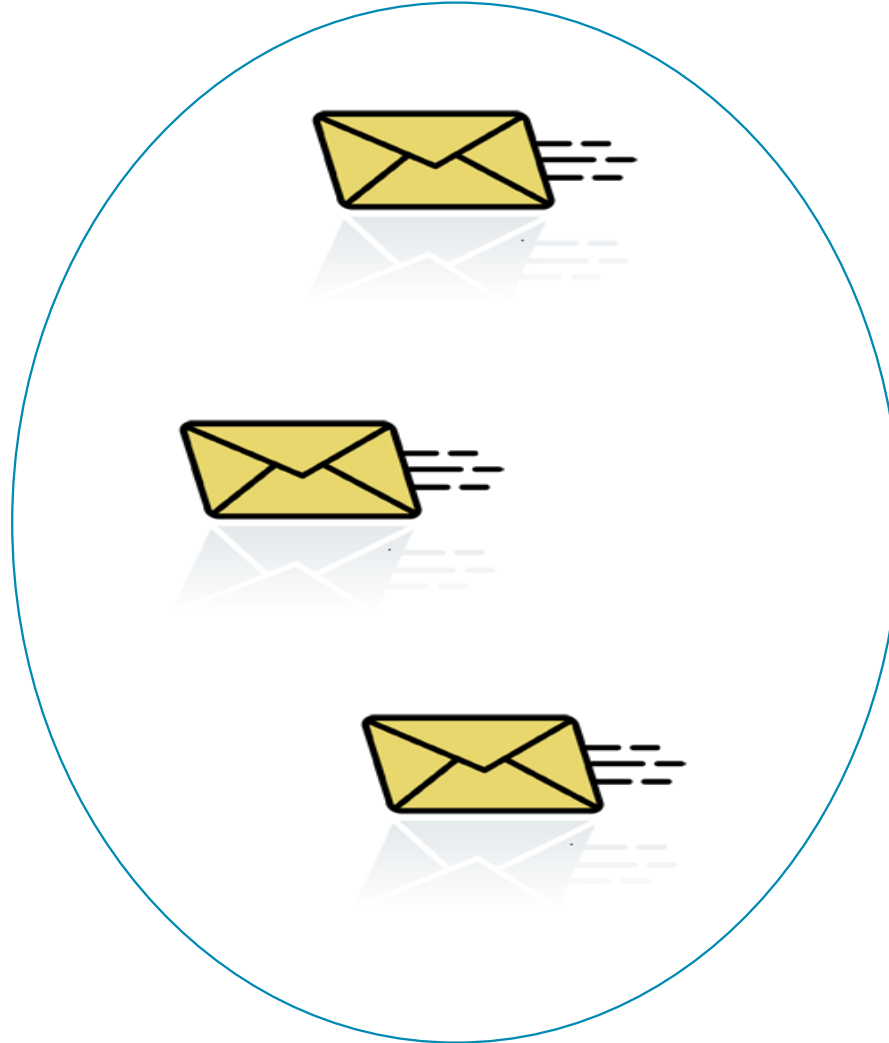
# Where is *My* Vote?

No – 2

Yes – 1



Mathematical  
Proof







# End-to-End Voter-Verifiability

As a voter, I can be sure that

- My vote is
  - Cast as intended
  - Counted as cast
- All votes are counted as cast

... without having to trust *anyone* or *anything*.

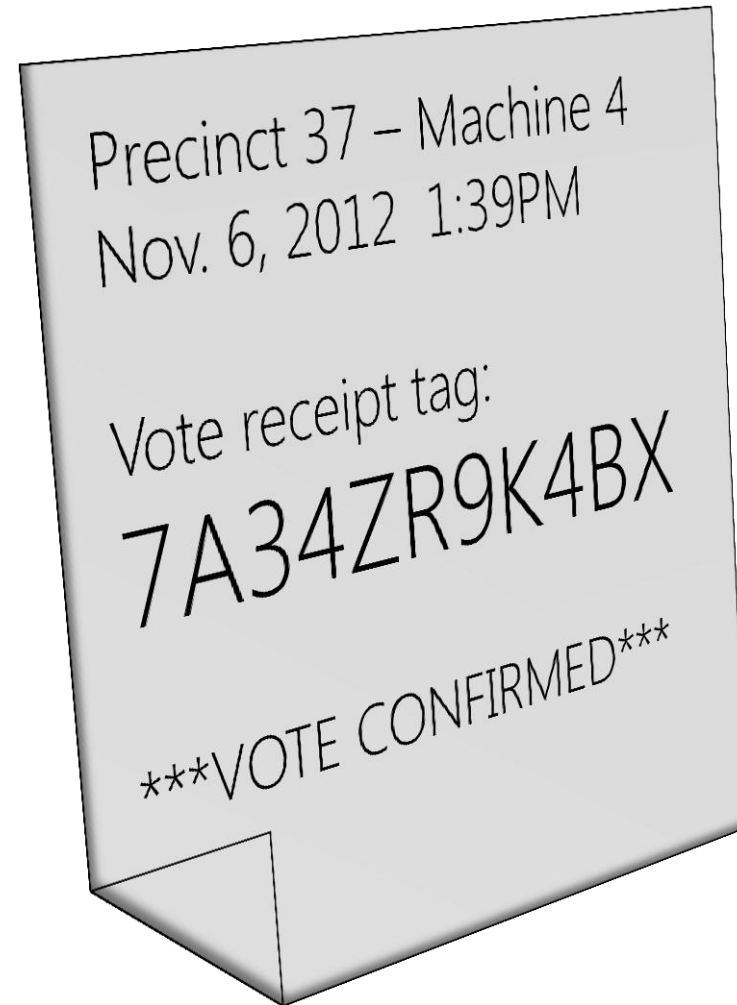


# The Voter's Perspective

Verifiable election systems can be built to look exactly like current systems ...

... with one addition ...

# A Verifiable Receipt





# The Voter's Perspective

## Voters can ...

- Use their receipts to check that their results are properly recorded on a public web site.
- Throw their receipts in the trash.
- Verify the accuracy of the election with apps they wrote themselves.
- Download apps from sources of their choice to verify the election.
- Believe verifications done by their political parties, LWV, ACLU, etc.
- Accept the results without question.



# End-to-End Verifiable Elections

Anyone who cares to do so can

- Check that their own *encrypted* votes are correctly listed
- Check that other voters are legitimate
- Check the cryptographic proof of the correctness of the announced tally



# Is it *Really* This Easy?

Yes ...

... but there are lots of  
details to get right.



# End-to-End Verifiable Elections

Two questions must be answered ...

- How do voters turn their preferences into encrypted votes?
- How are voters convinced that the published set of encrypted votes corresponds to the announced tally?



# Tallying

Many tools are available ...

... including “homomorphic encryption”:

$A$  is an encryption of  $a$

$B$  is an encryption of  $b$

$A \otimes B$  is an encryption of  $a \oplus b$





# Homomorphic Tallying

Alice	0
Bob	0
Carol	1
David	0
Eve	1

# Homomorphic Tallying

Alice	0
Bob	0
Carol	1
David	0
Eve	1
$\Sigma =$	

# Homomorphic Tallying

Alice	0
Bob	0
Carol	1
David	0
Eve	1
$\Sigma =$	
2	



# Homomorphic Tallying

Alice	0
Bob	0
Carol	1
David	0
Eve	1



# Homomorphic Tallying

Alice	0
Bob	0
Carol	1
David	0
Eve	1

# Homomorphic Tallying

Alice	0
Bob	0
Carol	1
David	0
Eve	1
	$\otimes =$
	2

# Homomorphic Tallying

Alice	0
Bob	0
Carol	1
David	0
Eve	1

$\otimes =$

---

2



# Ballot Encryption

Most pre-2000 verifiable election protocols:

Step 1

Encrypt your vote.

How?





# How do Humans Encrypt?

If voters encrypt their votes with devices of their own choosing, they are subject to coercion and compromise.

If voters encrypt their votes on “official” devices, how can they trust that their intentions have been properly captured?



# The Human Encryptor

We need to find ways to engage humans in an *interactive proof* process to ensure that their intentions are accurately reflected in encrypted ballots cast on their behalf.



# MarkPledge Ballot

Alice	367	248	792	141	390	863	427	015
Bob	629	523	916	504	129	077	476	947
Carol	285	668	049	732	859	308	156	422
David	863	863	863	863	863	863	863	863
Eve	264	717	740	317	832	399	441	946



# MarkPledge Ballot

Alice	367	248	792	141	390	863	427	015
Bob	629	523	916	504	129	077	476	947
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Device commitment to voter: "You're candidate's number is 863."

# MarkPledge Ballot

Alice	367	248	792	141	390	863	427	015
Bob	629	523	916	504	129	077	476	947
Carol	285	668	049	732	859	308	156	422
David	863	863	863	863	863	863	863	863
Eve	264	717	740	317	832	399	441	946

Device commitment to voter: "You're candidate's number is 863."

Voter challenge: "Decrypt column number 5."



# MarkPledge Ballot

Alice	367	248	792	141	390	863	427	015
Bob	629	523	916	504	129	077	476	947
Carol	285	668	049	732	859	308	156	422
David	863	863	863	863	863	863	863	863
Eve	264	717	740	317	832	399	441	946

Device commitment to voter: "You're candidate's number is 863."

Voter challenge: "Decrypt column number 5."



# MarkPledge Ballot

Alice	367	248	792	141	390	863	427	015
Bob	629	523	916	504	129	077	476	947
Carol	285	668	049	732	859	308	156	422
David	863	863	863	863	863	863	863	863
Eve	264	717	740	317	832	399	441	946





# Prêt à Voter Ballot

Bob	
Eve	
Carol	
Alice	
David	
	17320508



# Prêt à Voter Ballot

Bob	
Eve	
Carol	
Alice	X
David	
	17320508



# Prêt à Voter Ballot

X
17320508

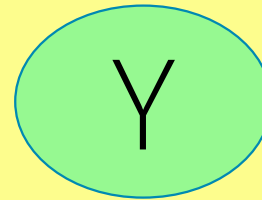
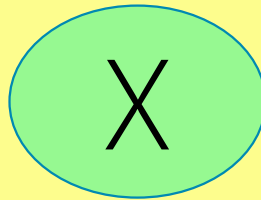


# PunchScan Ballot

Y – Alice

#001

X – Bob



# PunchScan Ballot

Y – Alice

#001

X – Bob

Y

X

# PunchScan Ballot

X – Alice

#001

Y – Bob

Y

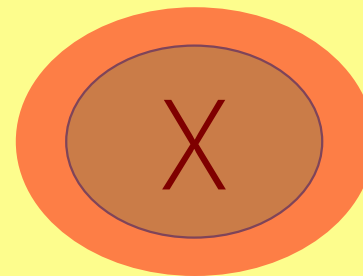
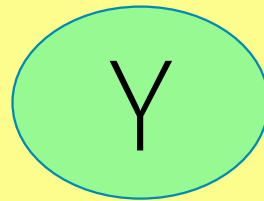
X

# PunchScan Ballot

X – Alice

#001

Y – Bob

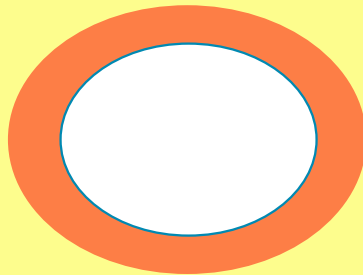
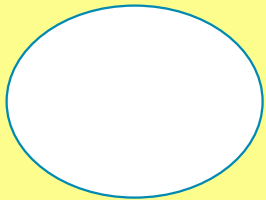


# PunchScan Ballot

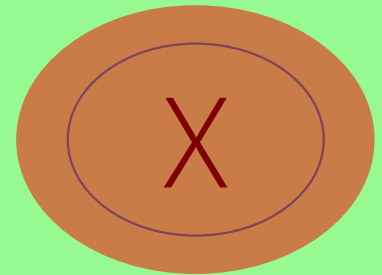
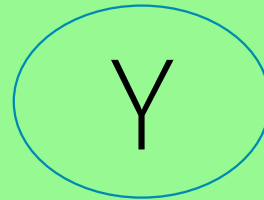
X – Alice

#001

Y – Bob



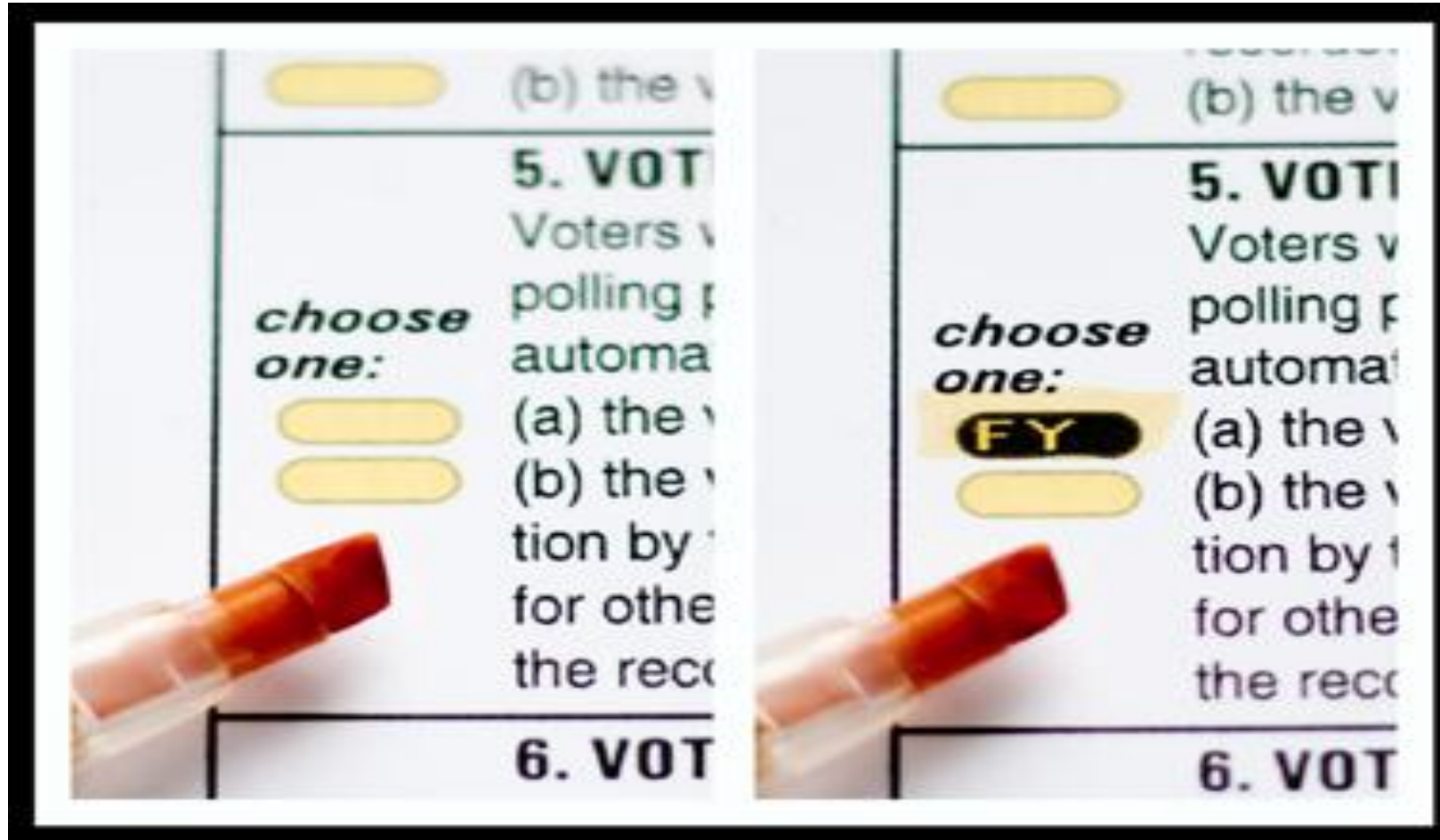
#001







# Scantegrity





# Voter-Initiated Auditing

Voter can use “any” device to make selections (touch-screen DRE, OpScan, etc.)

After selections are made, voter receives an encrypted receipt of the ballot.

# Voter-Initiated Auditing

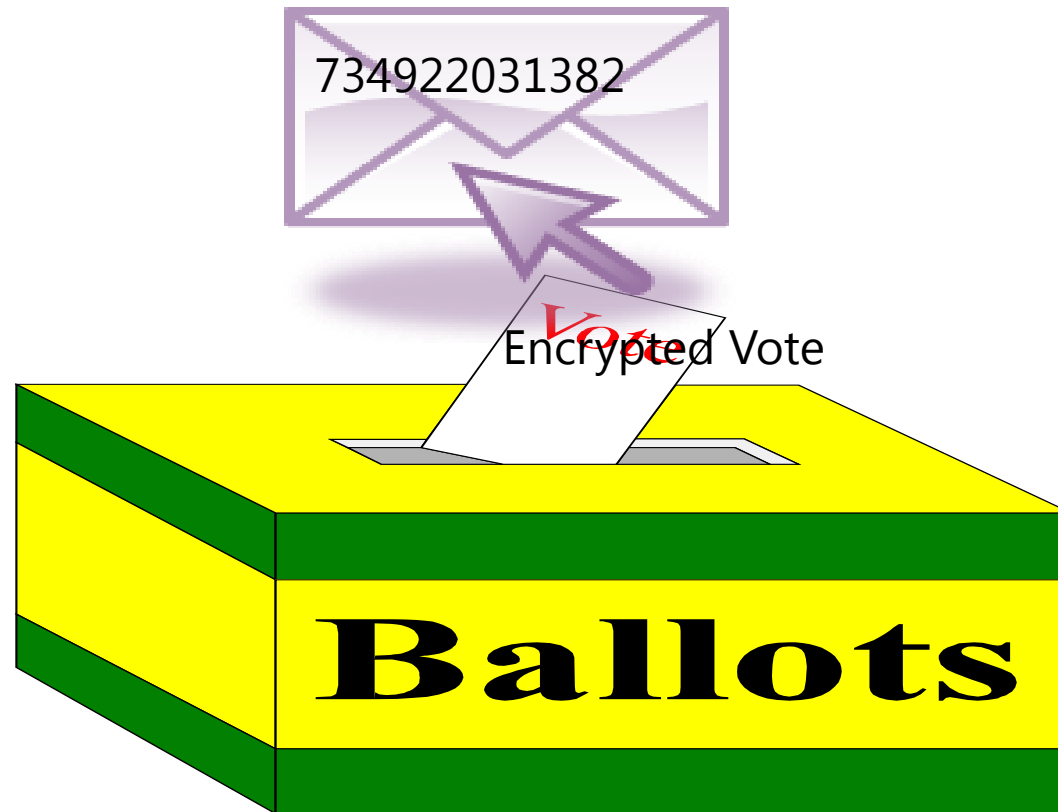


Encrypted Vote

Voter choice: Cast or Challenge

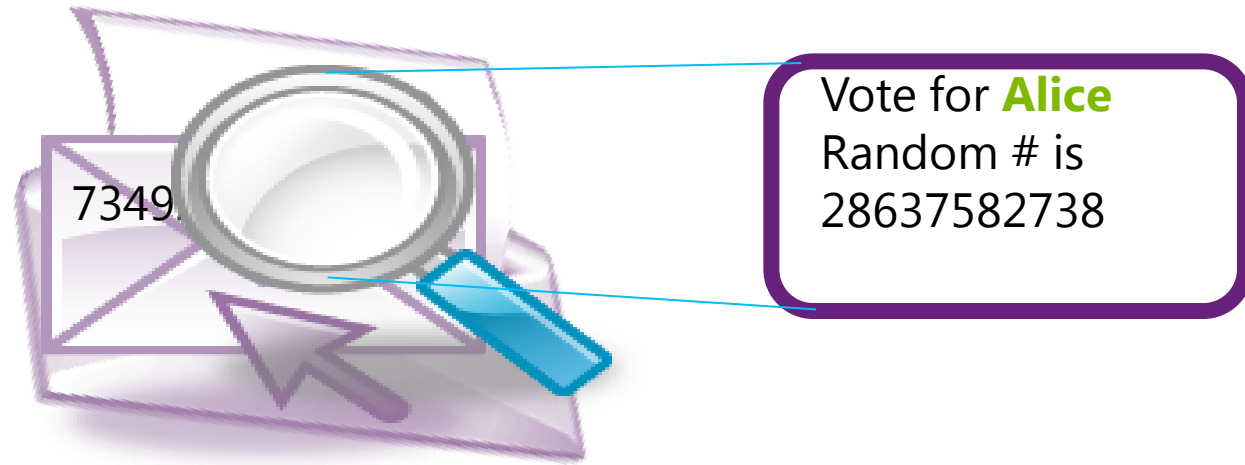
# Voter-Initiated Auditing

Cast



# Voter-Initiated Auditing

## Challenge





# Real-World Deployments

Helios ([www.heliosvoting.org](http://www.heliosvoting.org)) – Ben Adida and others

- Remote electronic voting system using voter-initiated auditing and homomorphic backend.
- Used to elect president of UC Louvain, Belgium.
- Used in Princeton University student government.
- Used to elect IACR Board of Directors.

Scantegrity II ([www.scantegrity.org](http://www.scantegrity.org)) – David Chaum, Ron Rivest, many others.

- Optical scan system with codes revealed by invisible ink markers and “plugboard-mixnet” backend.
- Used for municipal elections in Takoma Park, MD.



# Research Opportunities

## Front End

There is great value in continuing work on the user-facing front end.

The front end should be

- Simpler to use
- Simpler to understand
- Higher assurance



# Research Opportunities

## Back End

Simple counting methods are well-understood with effective techniques.

More complex counting methods create substantial challenges –

- Maintaining strong privacy
- Keeping computations efficient



***Microsoft***



July 16, 2012

# Election Technologies – Today and Tomorrow

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