

Microsoft® Research

Faculty Summit 2010

Microsoft® Research

Faculty Summit 2010

Natural User Interfaces with speech

Alex Acero

Speech Technology Group

Microsoft Research Redmond

Kinect: Gesture Recognition with 3D camera



Kinect: Voice Control



Kinect: Speech recognition

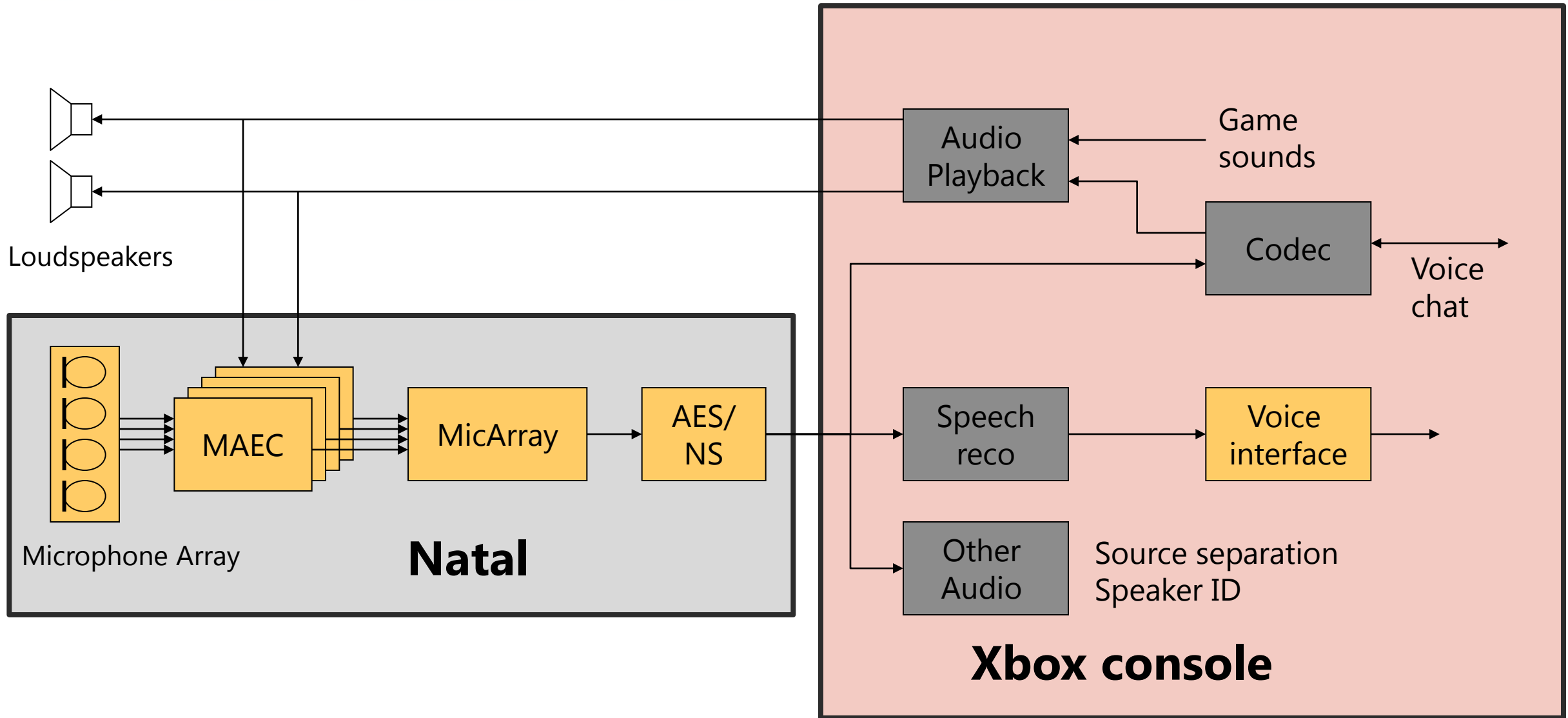
- Speech recognition
 - Complementary to gesture
 - Want to talk to your animal
 - Voice control without on-screen buttons
 - Access long lists
- From headsets to hands free
 - Needs relatively good quality audio!
 - Loud gaming sounds from Xbox
 - Noise and reverberation in the room



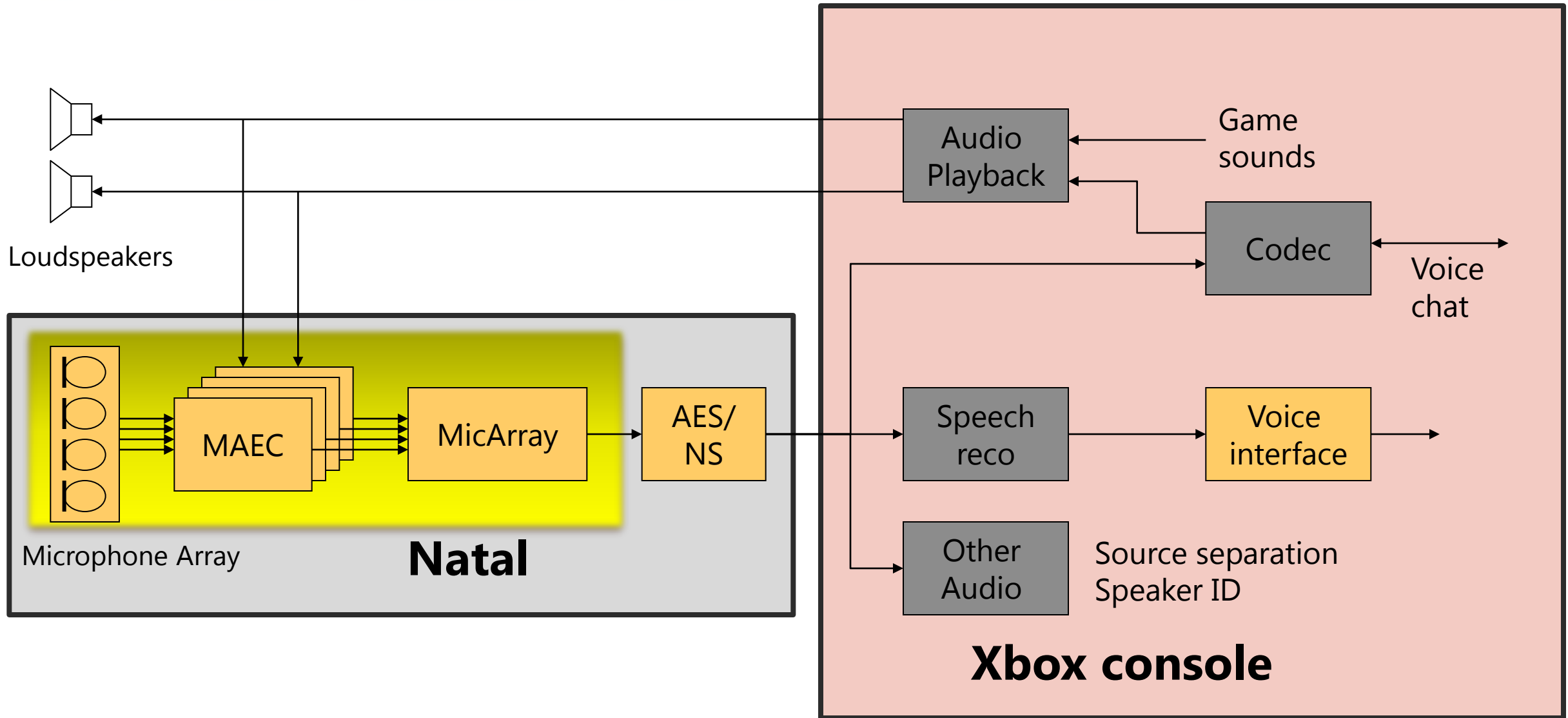
Outline

- **Audio processing**
- Voice Search
- Robust Voice Control
- Voice interfaces for the automobile
- Voice dialogs
- Error Correction
- Other speech interfaces

Audio Stack

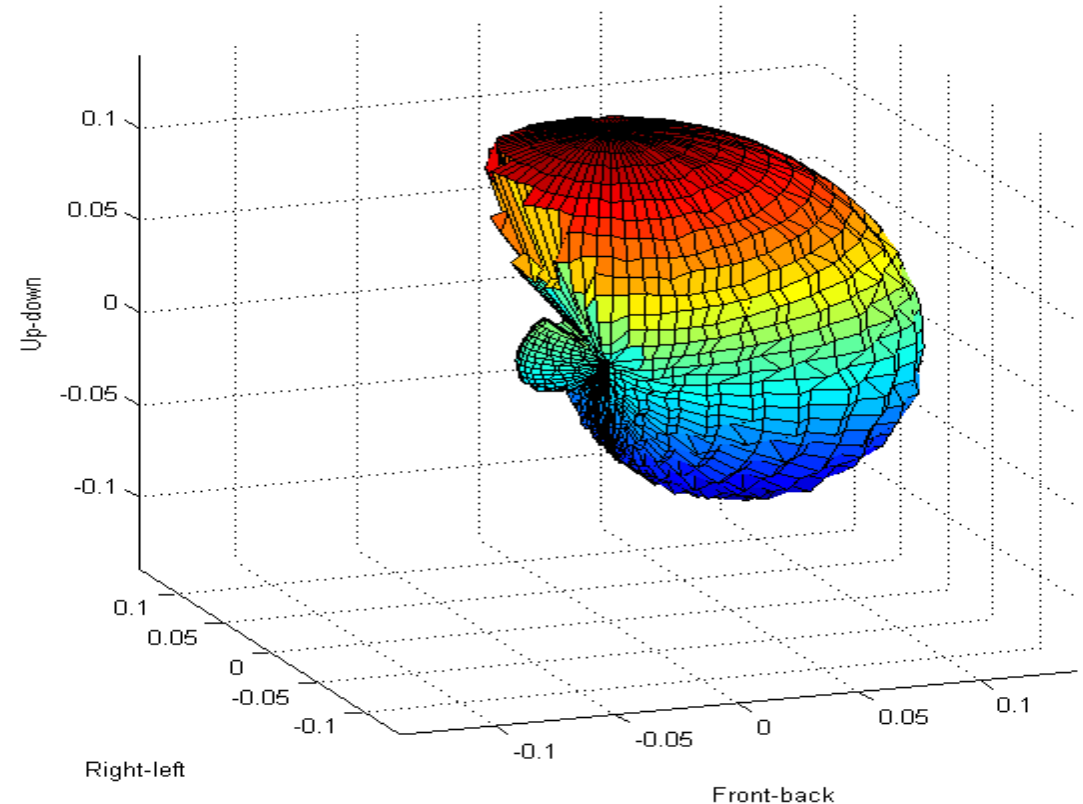


Audio Stack

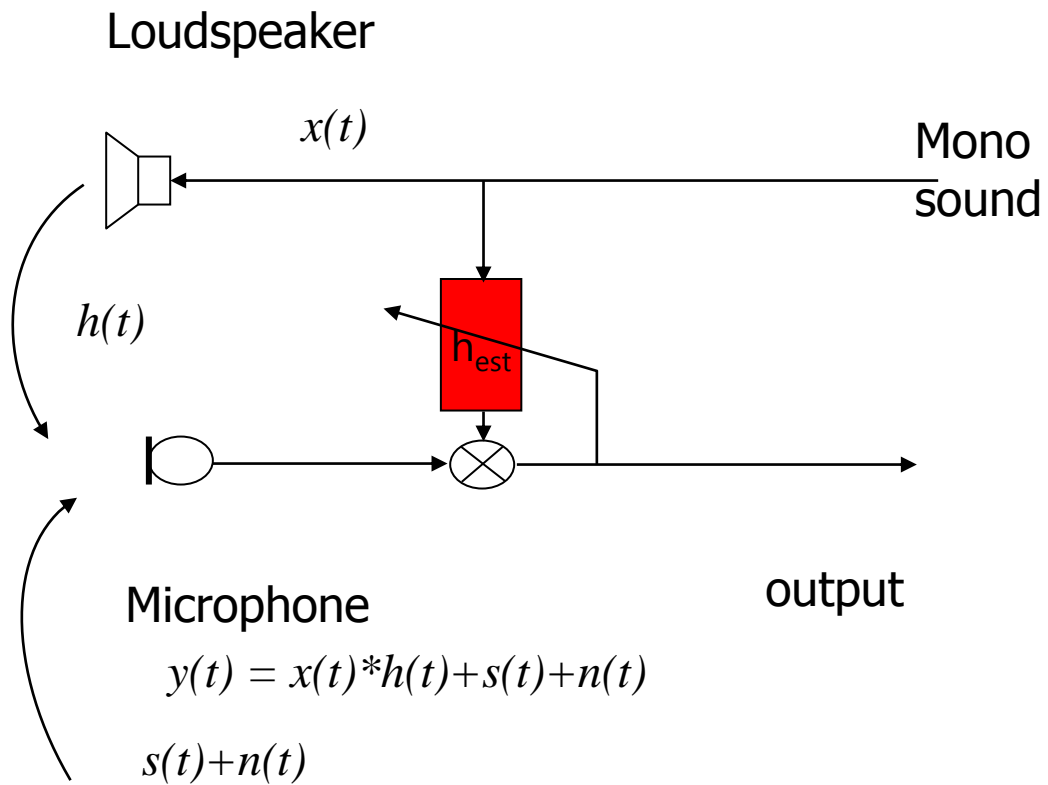


Directional Microphones

- Acoustical design
 - Using the enclosure shape to increase the microphones directivity
- Optimized microphone array geometry
 - Non-equal spacing, covers the entire bandwidth

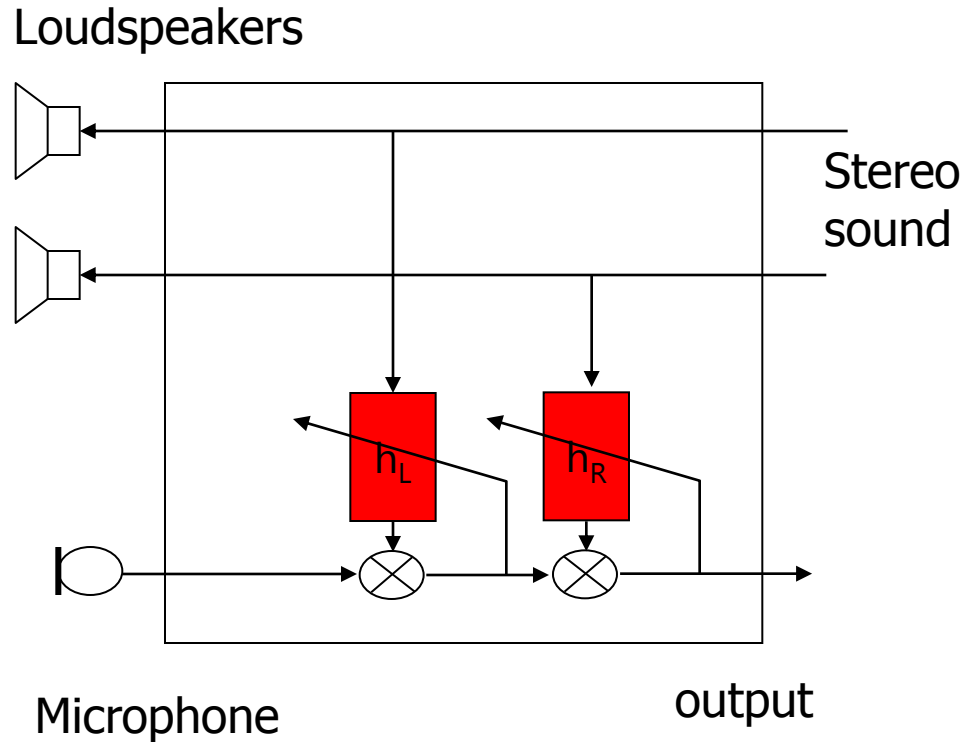


Mono Acoustic Echo Cancellation



- Acoustic echo cancellation
 - Mono AEC – part of each speakerphone

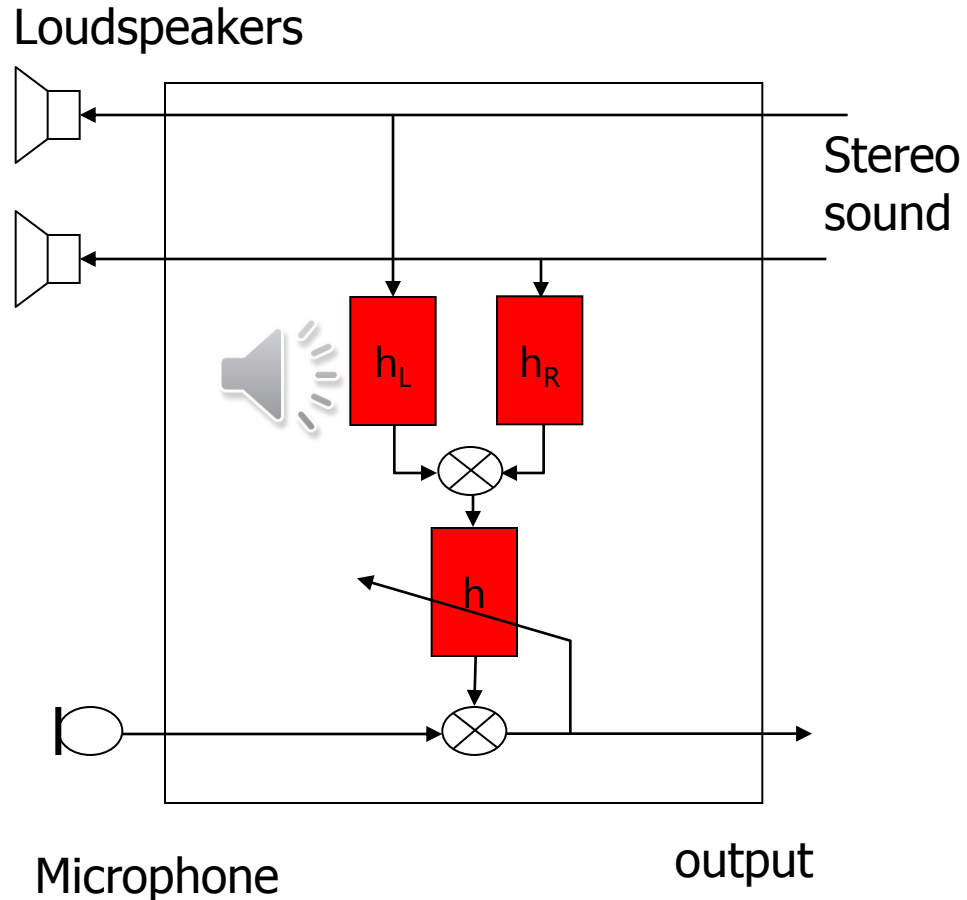
Multichannel Acoustic Echo Cancellation



- Acoustic echo cancellation
 - "Stereo AEC has a non-uniqueness problem that presents a fundamental limitation" (Sondhi et al. Bell Labs, 1995)

Multichannel Acoustic Echo Cancellation

Ivan Tashev 2008

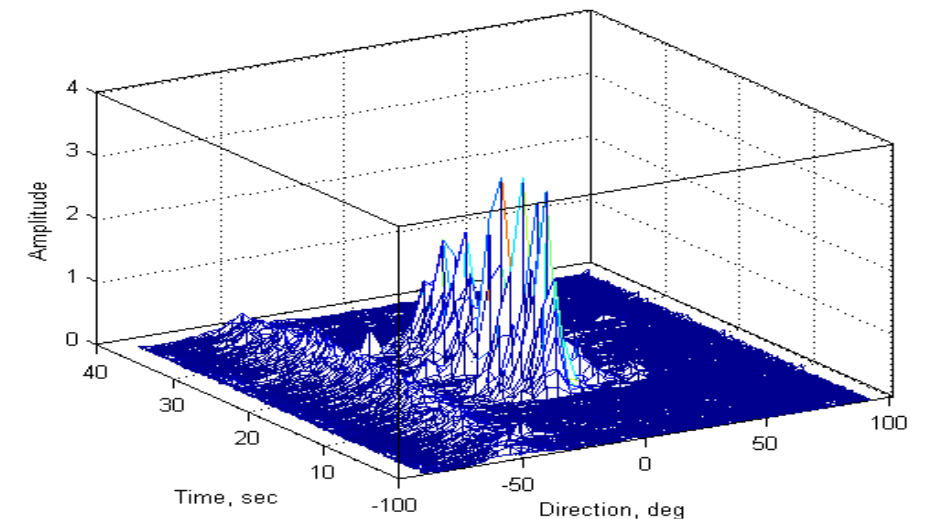
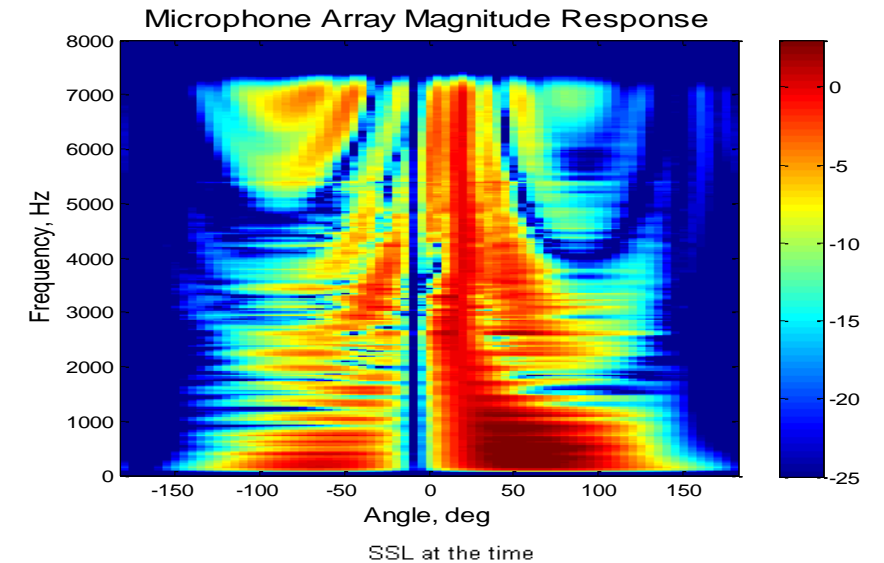


- Acoustic echo cancellation
 - “Stereo AEC has a non-uniqueness problem that presents a fundamental limitation” (Sondhi et al. Bell Labs, 1995)
- Multichannel AEC
 - Use calibration pulses, lock mixing filters, use one adaptive filter
 - Reduces 15-20 dB echo
 - Entire audio pipeline: ~35 dB

Microphone array processing

Ivan Tashev 2008

- Adaptive beamformer
 - Acts as a steerable directional microphone
 - Can suppress interferers as well
 - Reduces 3-6 dB noise
- Spatial filtering
 - Sound source localization per frequency bin
 - Suppresses sounds outside desired direction range
 - Suppresses 6-12 dB noise

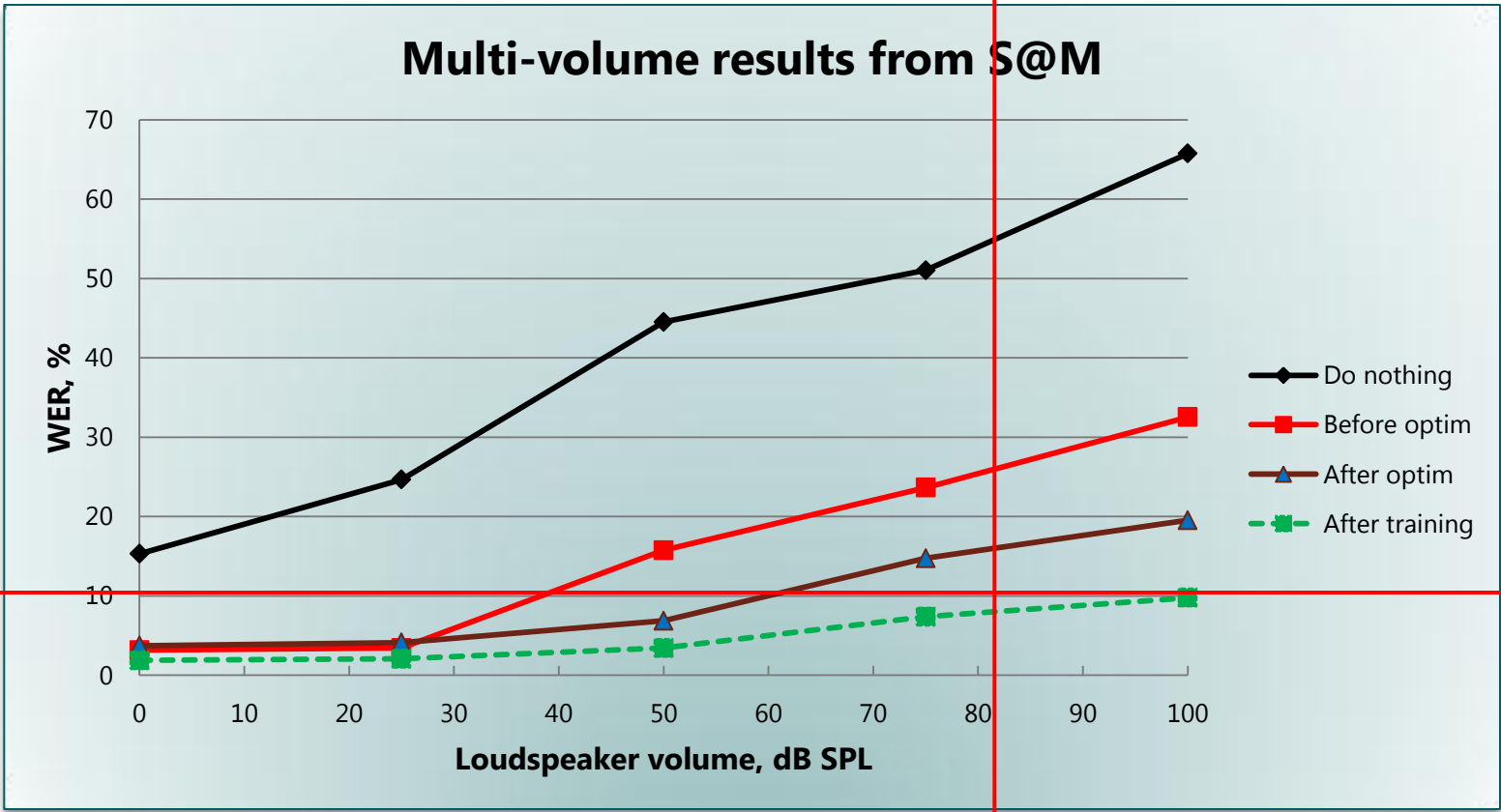


End-to-end optimization

Ivan Tashev 2008

- A chain of optimal processing blocks is suboptimal
- Optimization criterion:
 - Perceptual Evaluation of Sound Quality (PESQ)
- 25 parameters for optimization
 - Time constants, thresholds
- Parallelized processing on cluster
 - Large data corpus
- Results with speech recognizer

End-to-end optimization



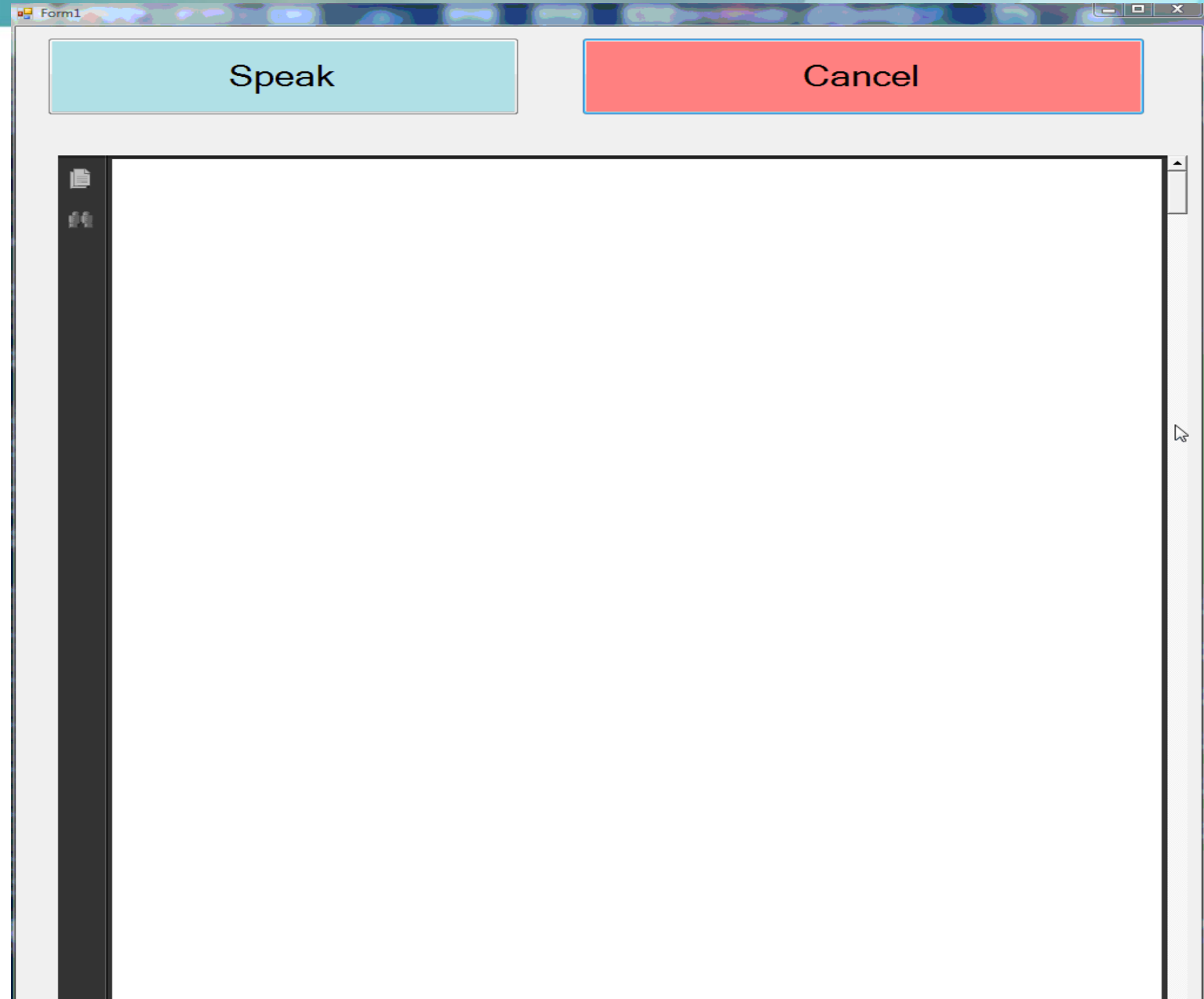
Supported levels
up to here

Speech NUI
good
up to here

Outline

- Audio processing
- **Voice Search**
- Robust Voice Control
- Voice interfaces for the automobile
- Voice dialogs
- Error Correction
- Other speech interfaces

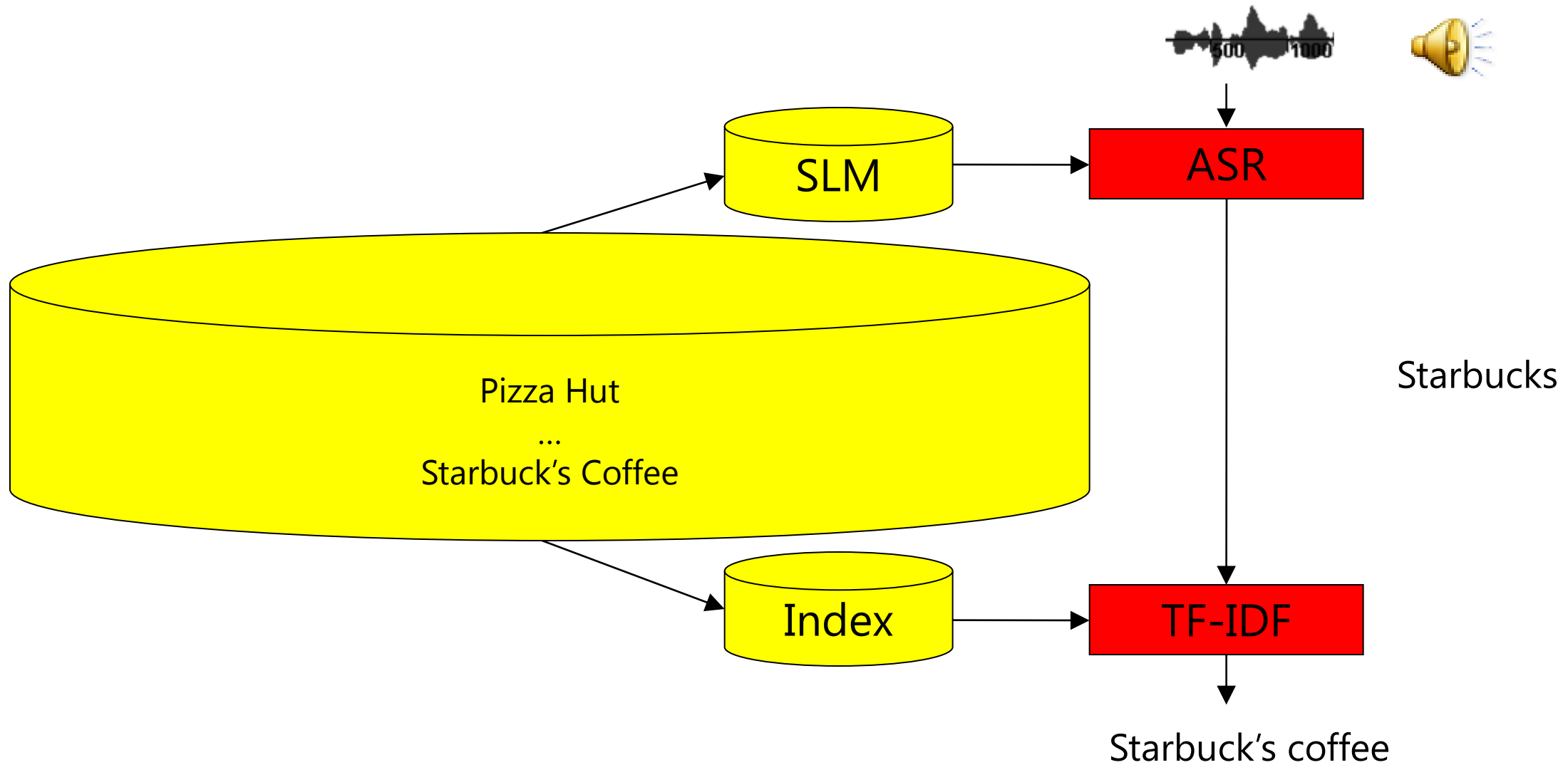
Voice search for FAQ



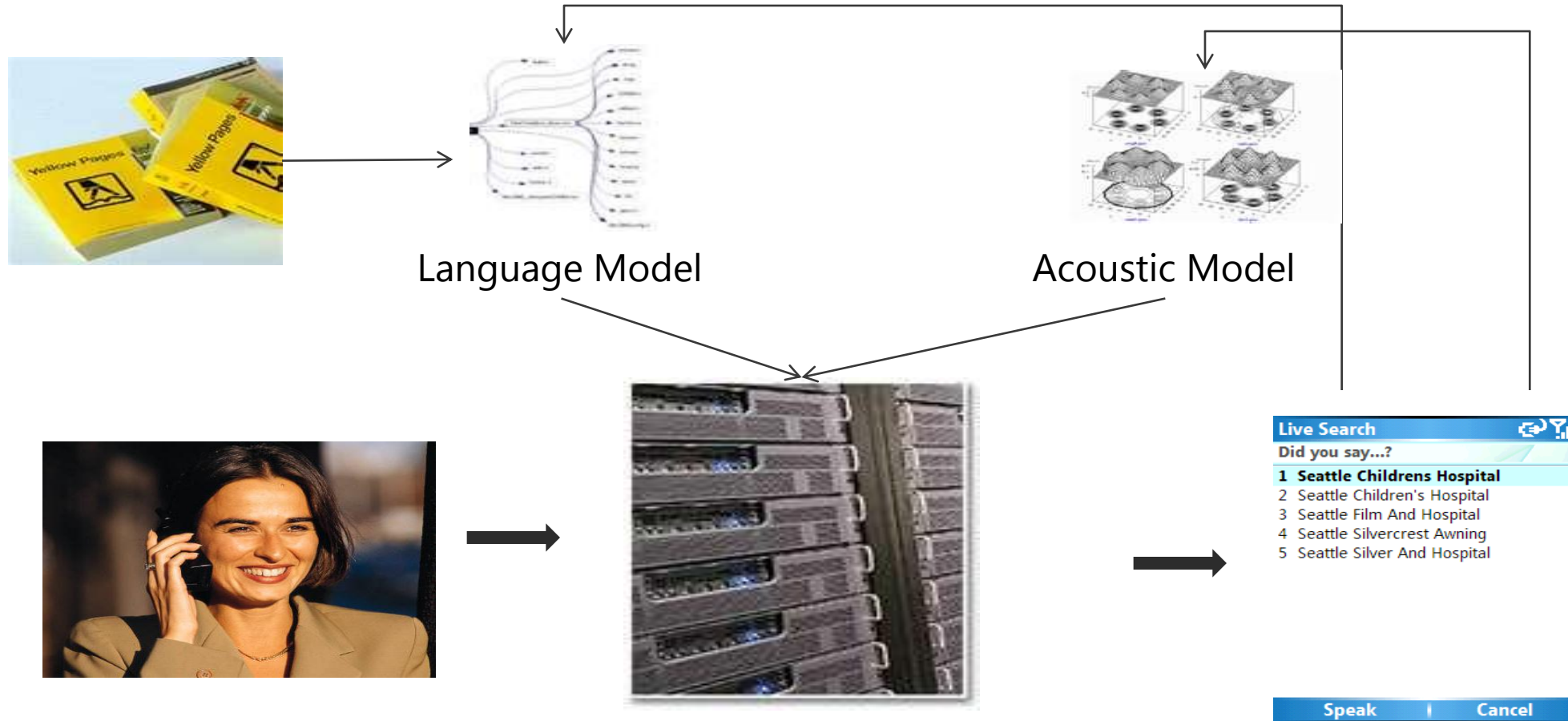
The image shows a screenshot of a software window titled "Form1". The window has a light gray border and a title bar with standard Windows window controls (minimize, maximize, close). Below the title bar, there are two buttons: a light blue button labeled "Speak" and a red button labeled "Cancel". The main area of the window is a large, empty white space. On the left side of this area, there is a vertical black bar containing two small, faint icons. On the right side, there is a vertical scrollbar with a small arrow pointing upwards.

Voice Search architecture

Geoff Zweig, Xiao Li, Patrick Nguyen 2007



Click-Driven Automated Feedback



Outline

- Audio processing
- Voice Search
- **Robust Voice Control**
- Voice interfaces for the automobile
- Voice dialogs
- Error Correction
- Other speech interfaces

Building Accurate Voice UI is hard

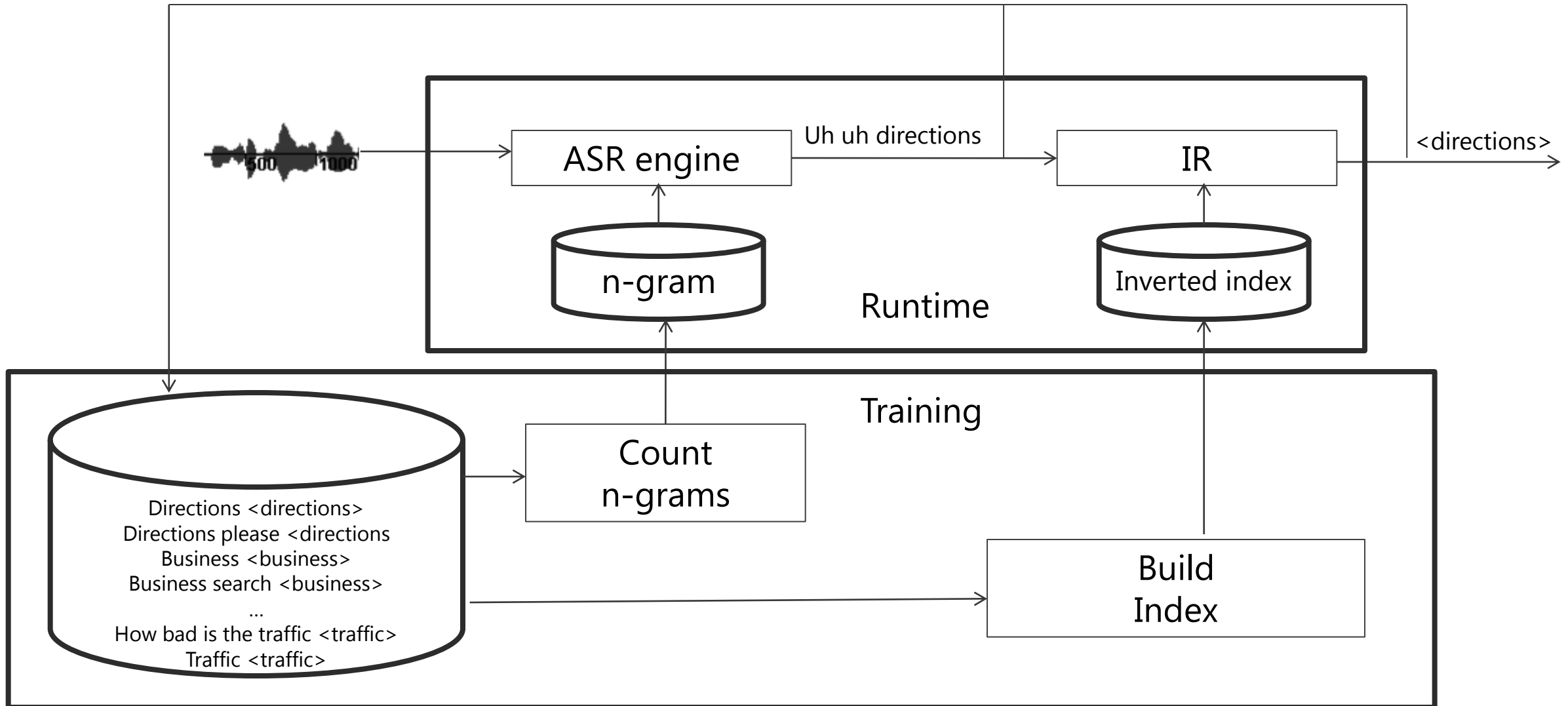
- Traditional Context Free Grammar (CFG):

```
<one-of>  
  <item> business search </item>  
  <item> search </item>  
  <item> biz search </item>  
  <item> driving directions </item>  
  <item> directions </item>  
  <item> traffic </item>  
  <item> tell me my choices </item>  
  <item> What are my options </item>  
  ...  
</one-of>
```

- Easy to write but fragile

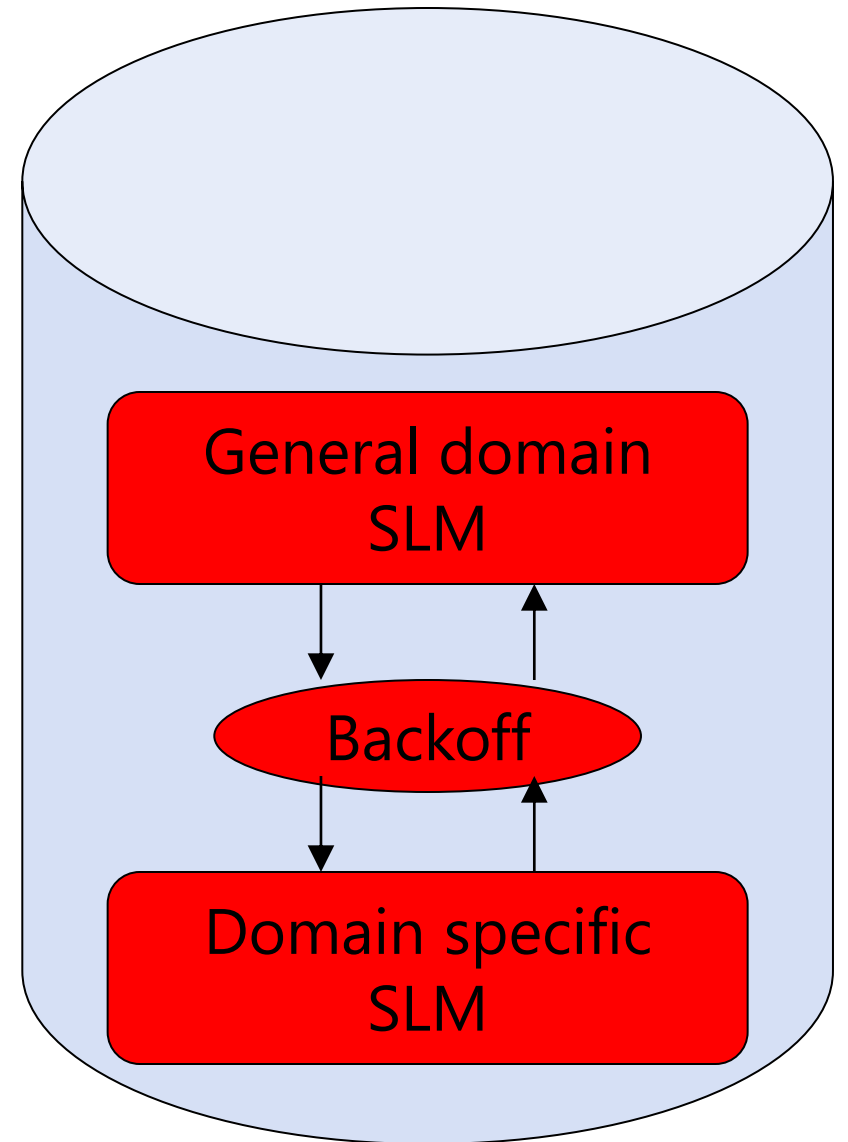


Data driven speech understanding



Example-based SLM

- Interpolation of
 - Large general domain bigram model
 - Small domain specific bigram modelthrough backoff state
- Robust SLM with little in-domain data



Information Retrieval (TF-IDF)

- TF-IDF: No need for training data
- If training data is available we can learn a classifier instead
 - Linear classifier. Score for class i :

$$S_i = \sum_{j=1}^N \lambda_{ij} f_j$$

- Binary feature f_j : Does word "ticket" occur in class "Reservations"?
- Weights λ_{ij} are trained through Maximum Entropy

Outline

- Audio processing
- Voice Search
- Robust Voice Control
- **Voice interfaces for the automobile**
- Voice dialogs
- Error Correction
- Other speech interfaces

SMS in Cars (Ford SYNC)

- SMS are commonly used
- But sending SMS while driving is dangerous
 - and illegal in many countries
- Ford SYNC reads SMS using TTS
- Most SMS only require short replies

FORD SYNC Canned SMS

I'LL BE LATE

MEETING CANCELLED

CAN'T TALK RIGHT NOW

CALL ME

WHERE R YOU?

I NEED MORE DIRECTIONS

THANKS

I AGREE

I DISAGREE

I'M STUCK IN TRAFFIC

C U IN 5(10,15,20) MINUTES

I LOVE YOU

TOO FUNNY

WHAT DO YOU THINK?

ON MY WAY

YOU ARE THE BEST

CALL U LATER

YES

NO

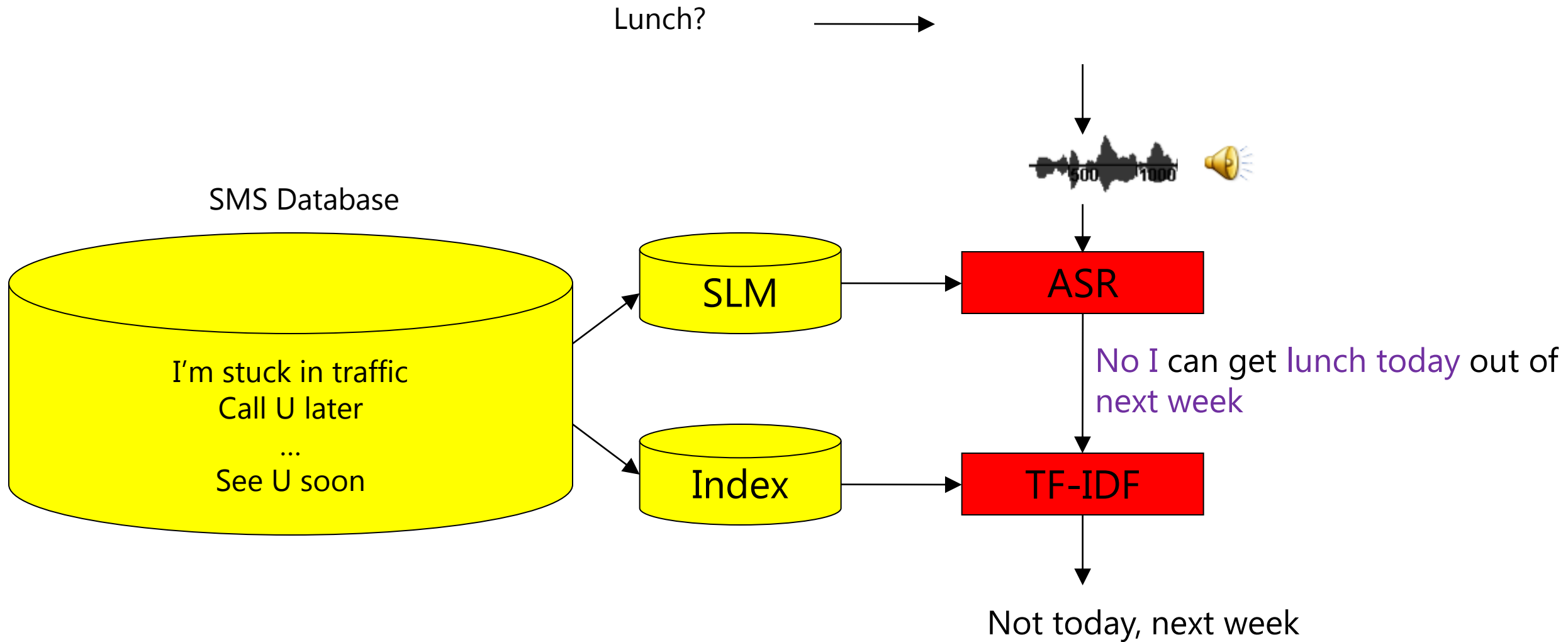
WHY?

TELL ME MORE

CAN'T WAIT TO SEE YOU

SMS Dictation using voice search

YC Ju, 2009



Incoming Message

Press the button and then use speech to reply the message

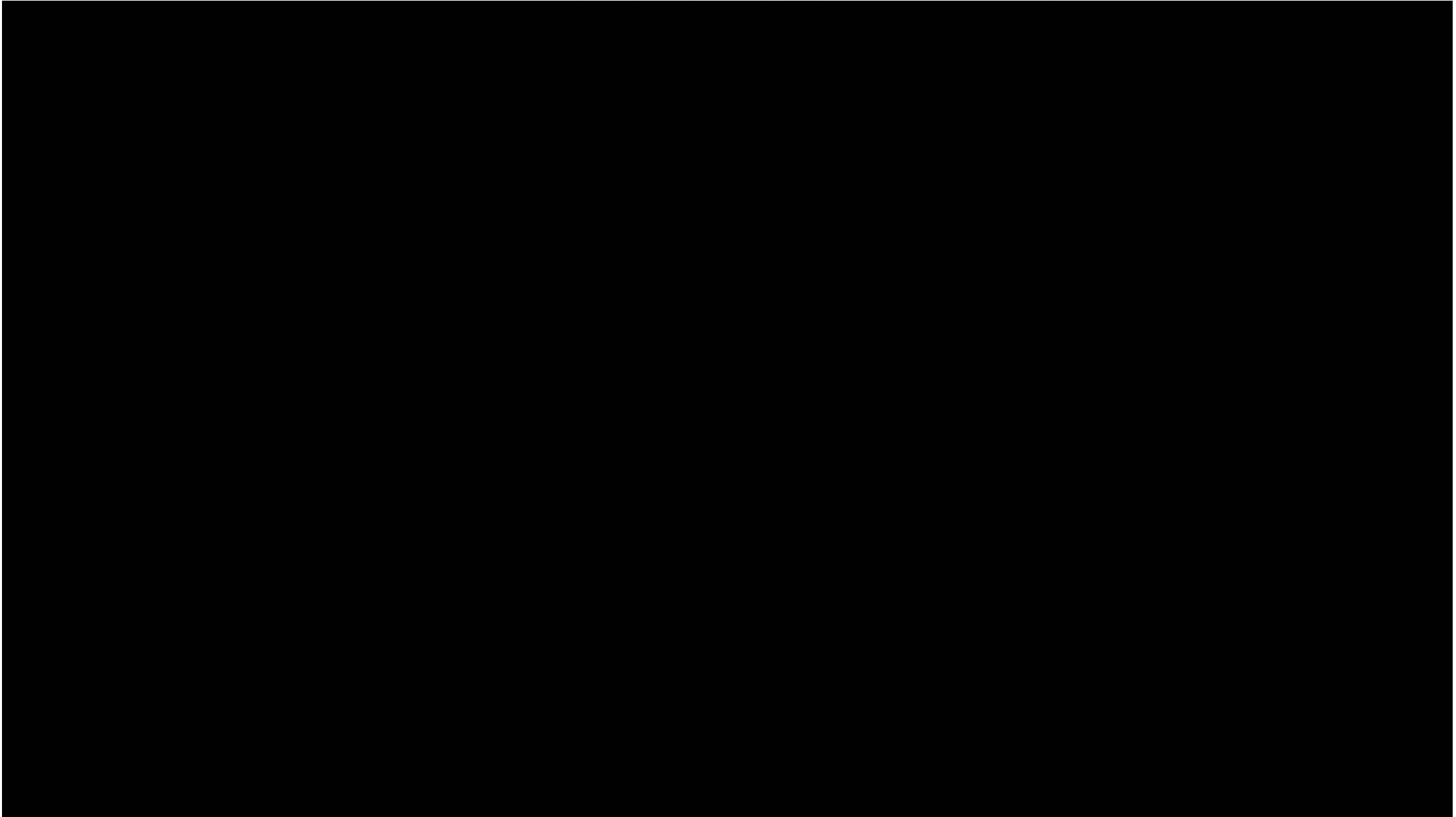
Try Another SMS

Suggested Reply

[Empty text area for suggested reply]

CommuteUX

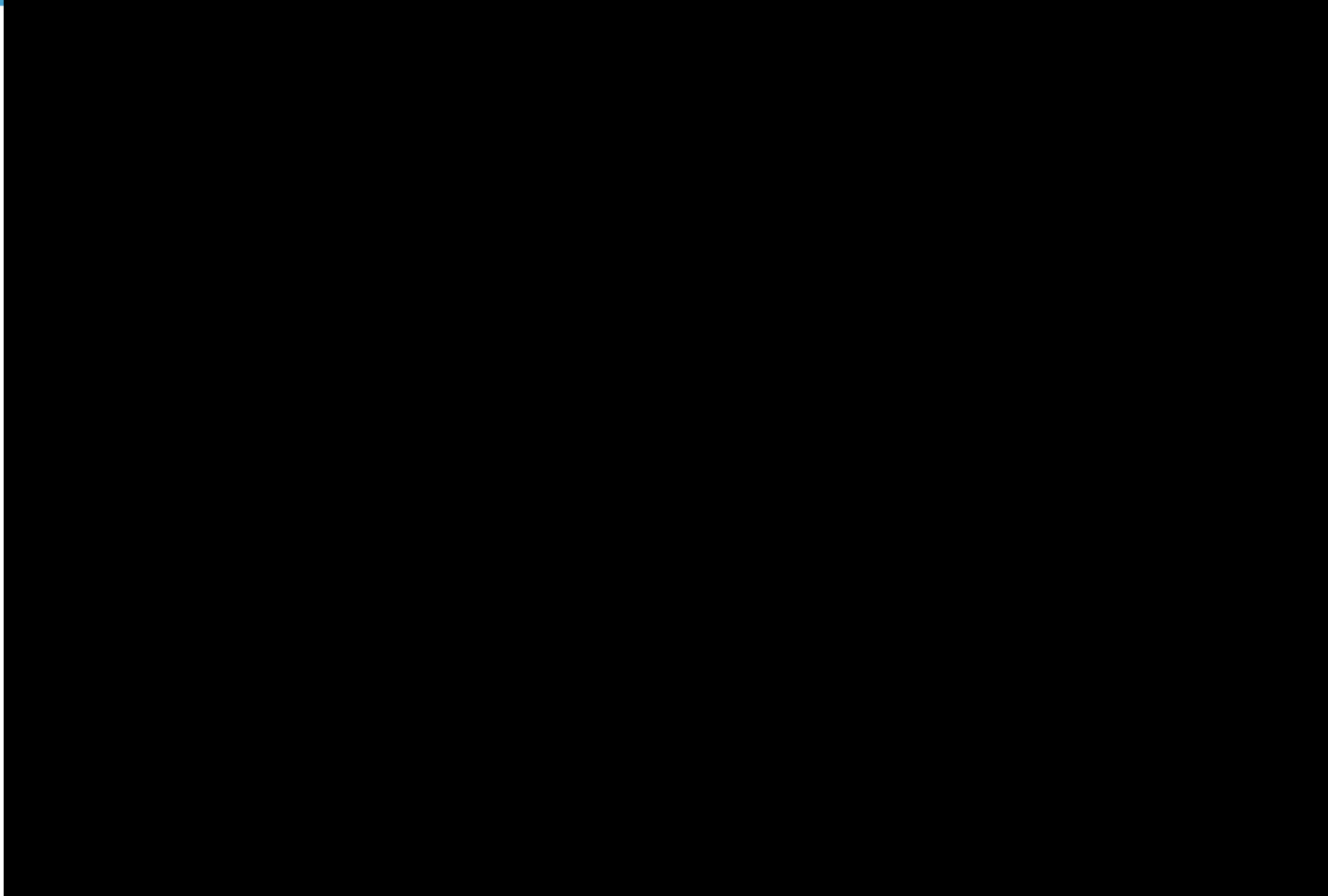
Ivan Tashev, Mike Seltzer, YC Ju, 2009



Outline

- Audio processing
- Voice Search
- Robust Voice Control
- Voice interfaces for the automobile
- **Voice dialogs**
- Error Correction
- Other speech interfaces

Problems with directed dialogs



Who manages the Dialog?

Directed Dialog

- "Who would you like to contact?"
- Finite State Machine
- Simple CFG
- MSConnect



Initiative

User Initiative Dialog

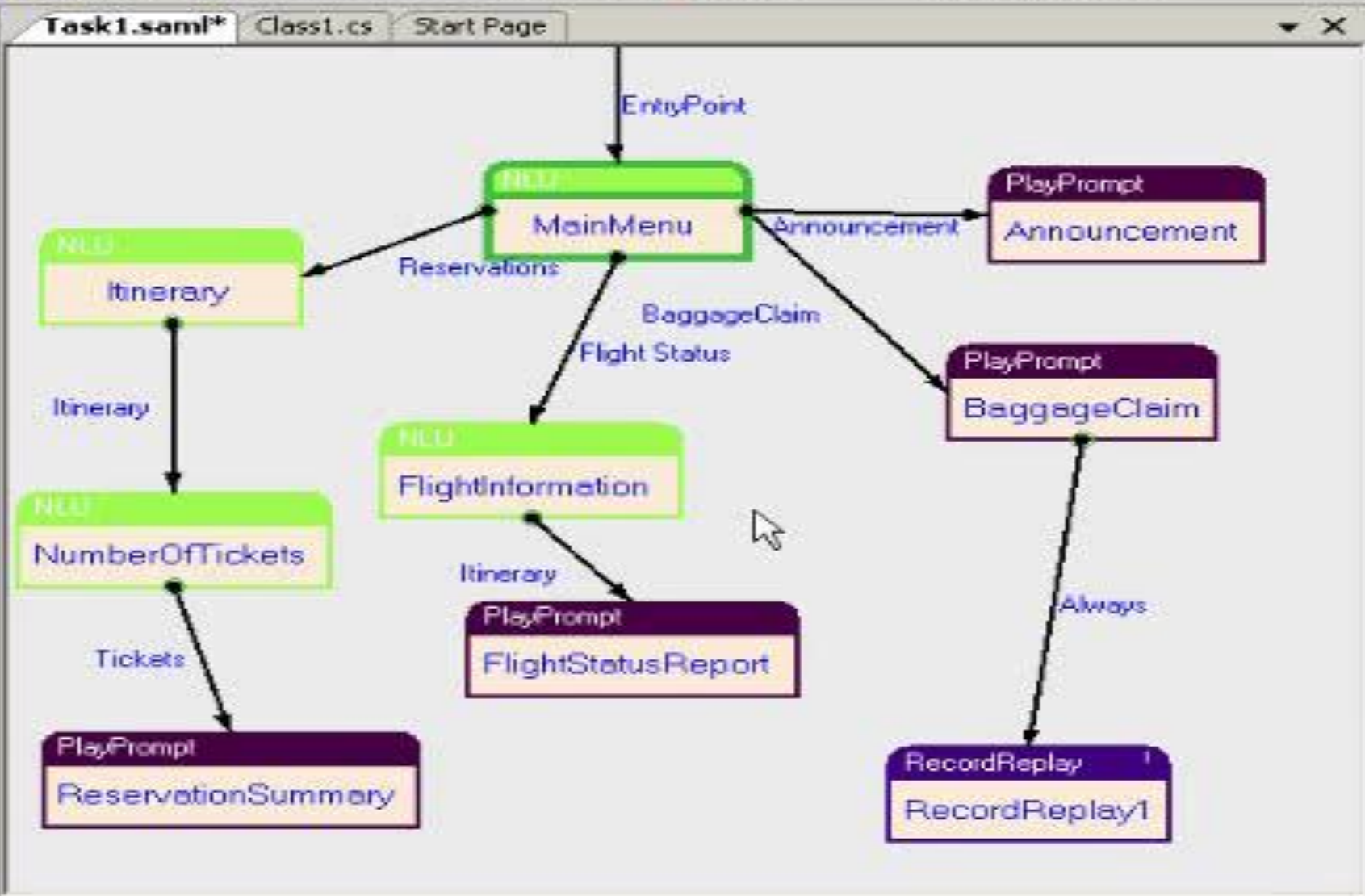
- "What can I do for you?"
- Ngrams
- Windows Airlines



Toolbox

- Saml Comp...
- Pointer
- CallerID
- CallTransfer
- CodeBlock
- ExitPoint
- MileStone
- NLU
- OfflineOpe...
- PlayPrompt
- RecordRep...
- Scheduler
- VoiceMenu
- Task1
- General

There are no usable controls in this group. Drag an item onto this text to add it to the toolbox.



Solution Explorer

- Properties
- References
- Class1.cs

Solution ... Grammar ...

Properties

Microsoft.Tunes.NLU

AllowBarge	True
ClassifierU	Task1_Main
HelpDtmfK	
HelpPhras	
Recognitio	(Collection)
RejectionT	0
RepeatDtn	
RepeatPhr	
SemanticSl	(Collection)
W3CGramr	

RecognitionBranches

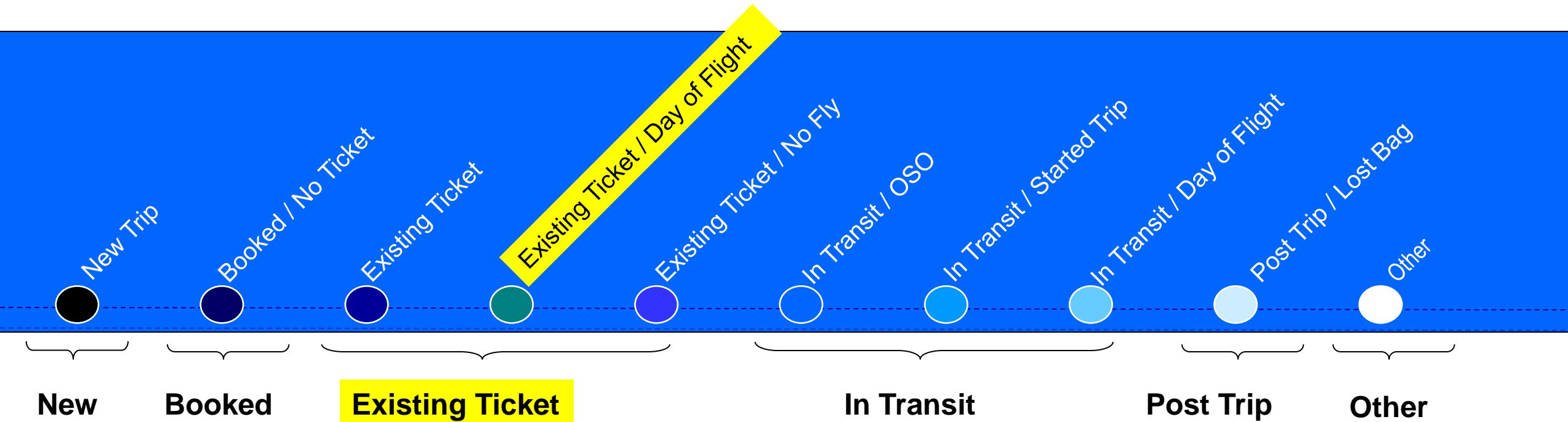
Recognition Branch Collection

User-initiative dialogs

- Pros:
 - Can result in a shorter call
 - Can feel more natural
 - Useful when too many choices
- Cons:
 - Requires expensive expertise
 - Could lead to user frustration: system appears human but caller can't use full natural language



airline traveler journey: a trip



At each stage:

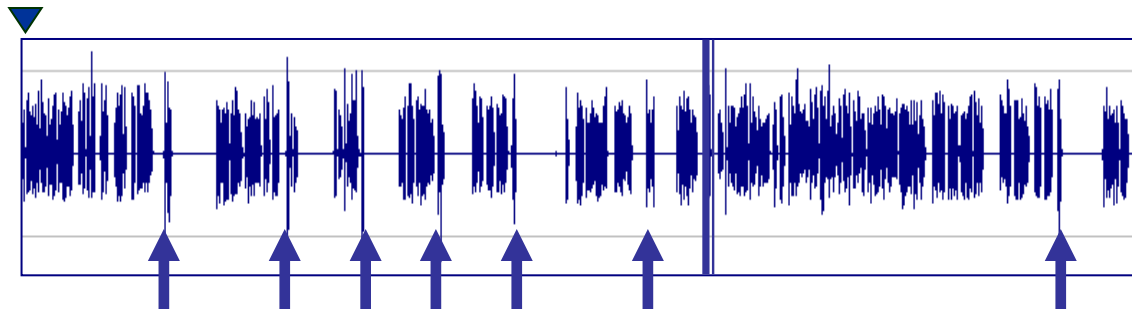
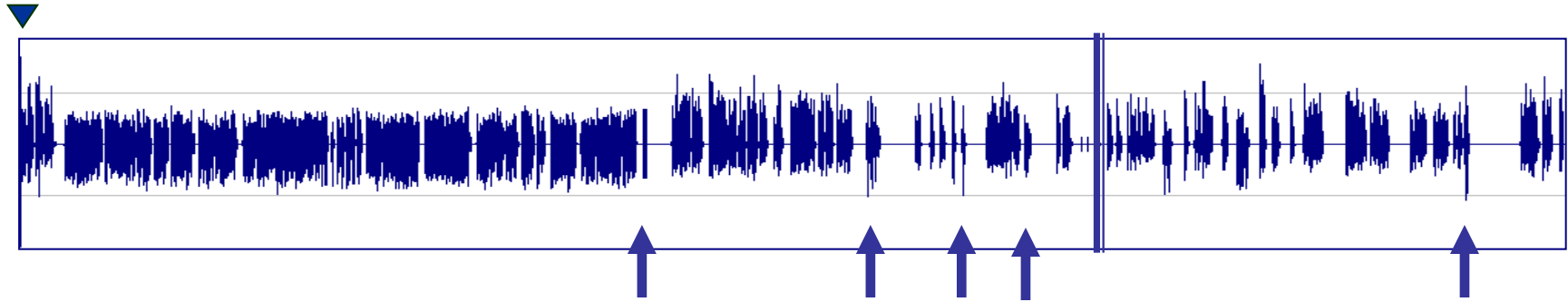
What are the callers *immediate needs*?

Which *set of tasks* do they want to perform?

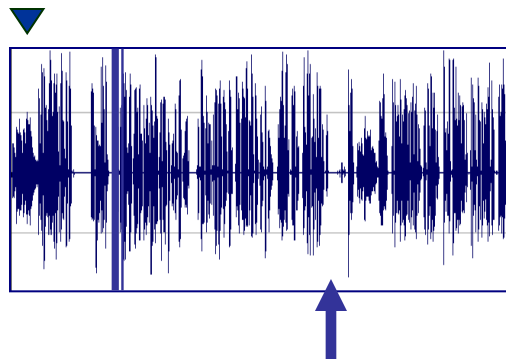
How can we use what we already know to *shorten the process*?

Design for the user

Tellme circa 2000



1:40 min



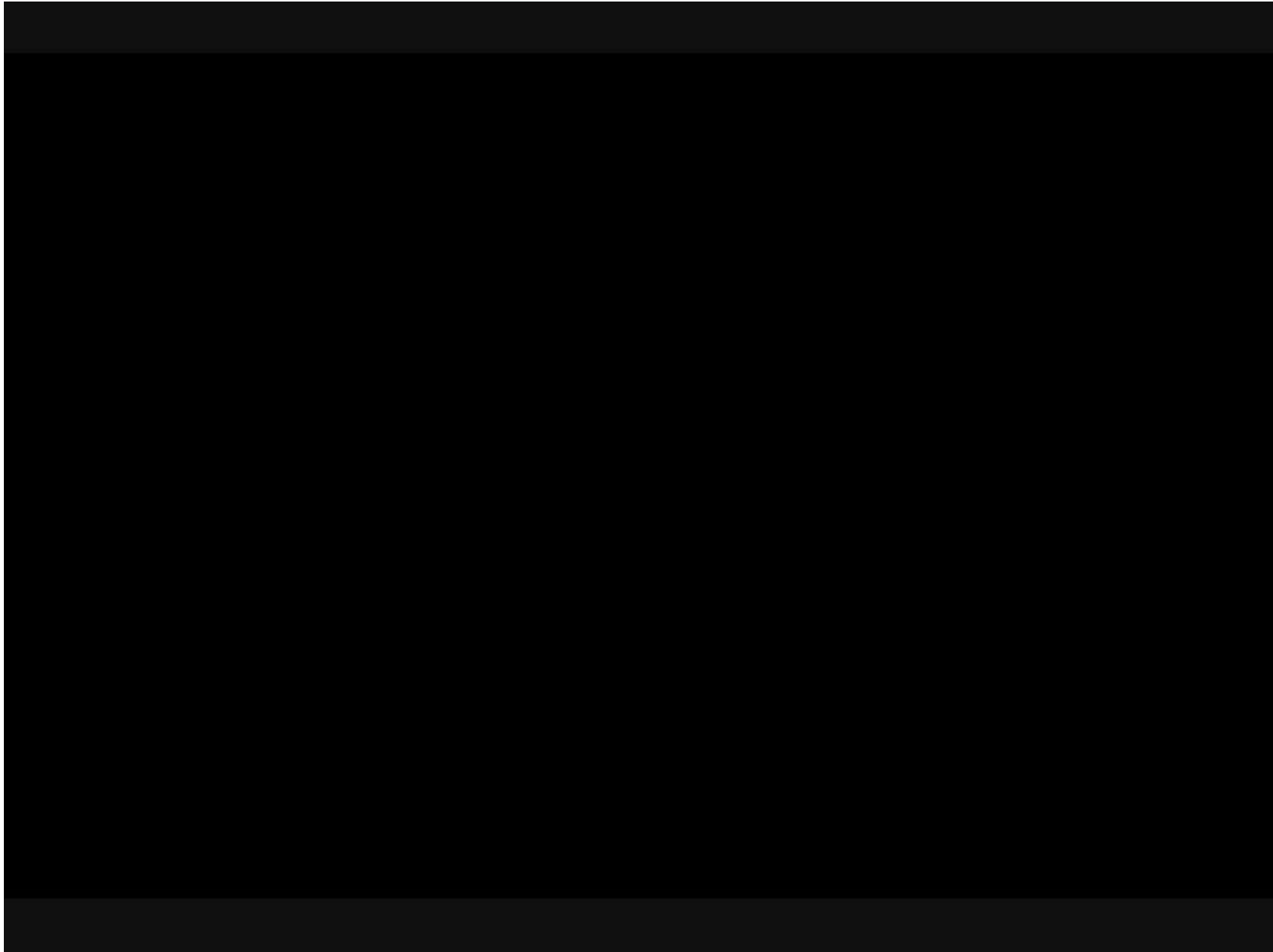
0:42 min



TellMe

Situated interactions

Dan Bohus 2009



Outline

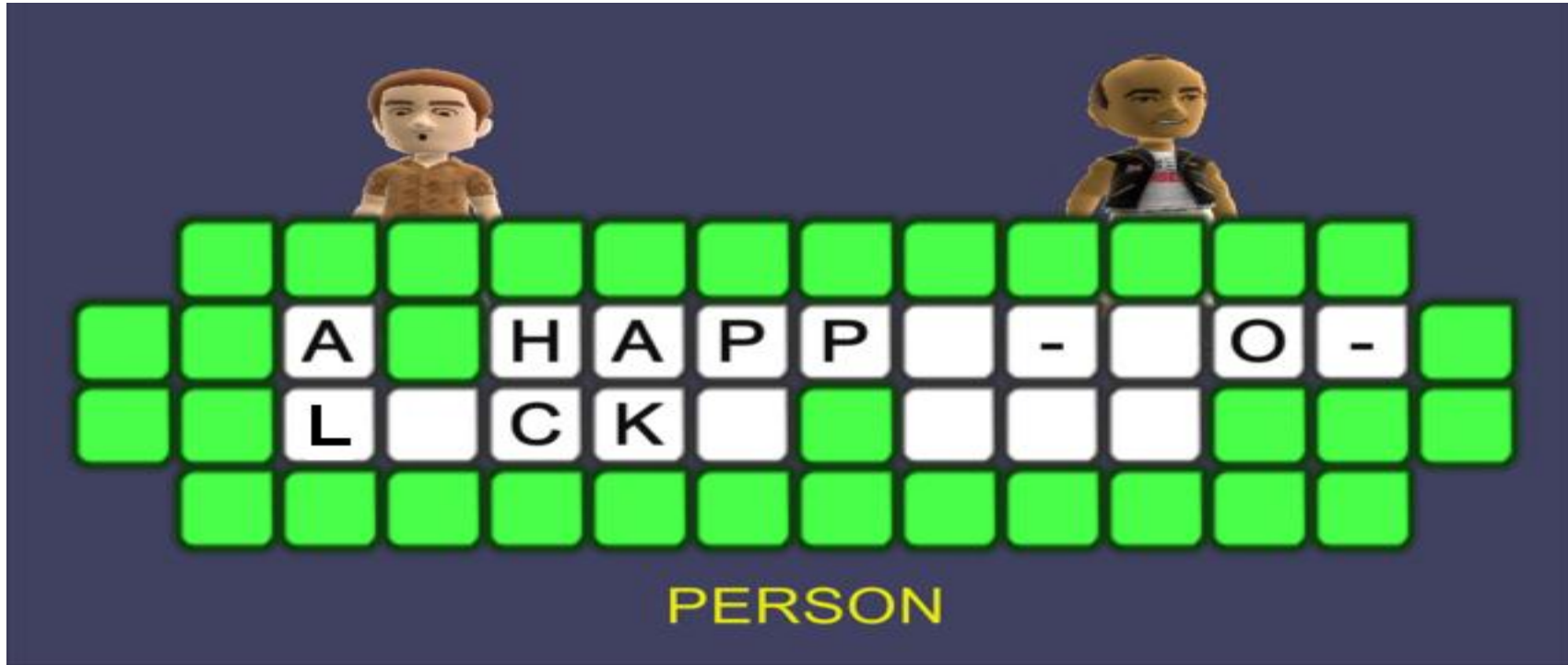
- Audio processing
- Voice Search
- Robust Voice Control
- Voice interfaces for the automobile
- Voice dialogs
- **Error Correction**
- Other speech interfaces

Outline

- Audio processing
- Voice Search
- Robust Voice Control
- Voice interfaces for the automobile
- Voice dialogs
- Error Correction
- Other speech interfaces

Utterance Verification in Games

YC Ju 2010



- Engines will typically assign similar scores to "A Happy Go Lucky **Guy**" and "A Happy Go Lucky **Man**"
- **Word-dependent** utterance verification

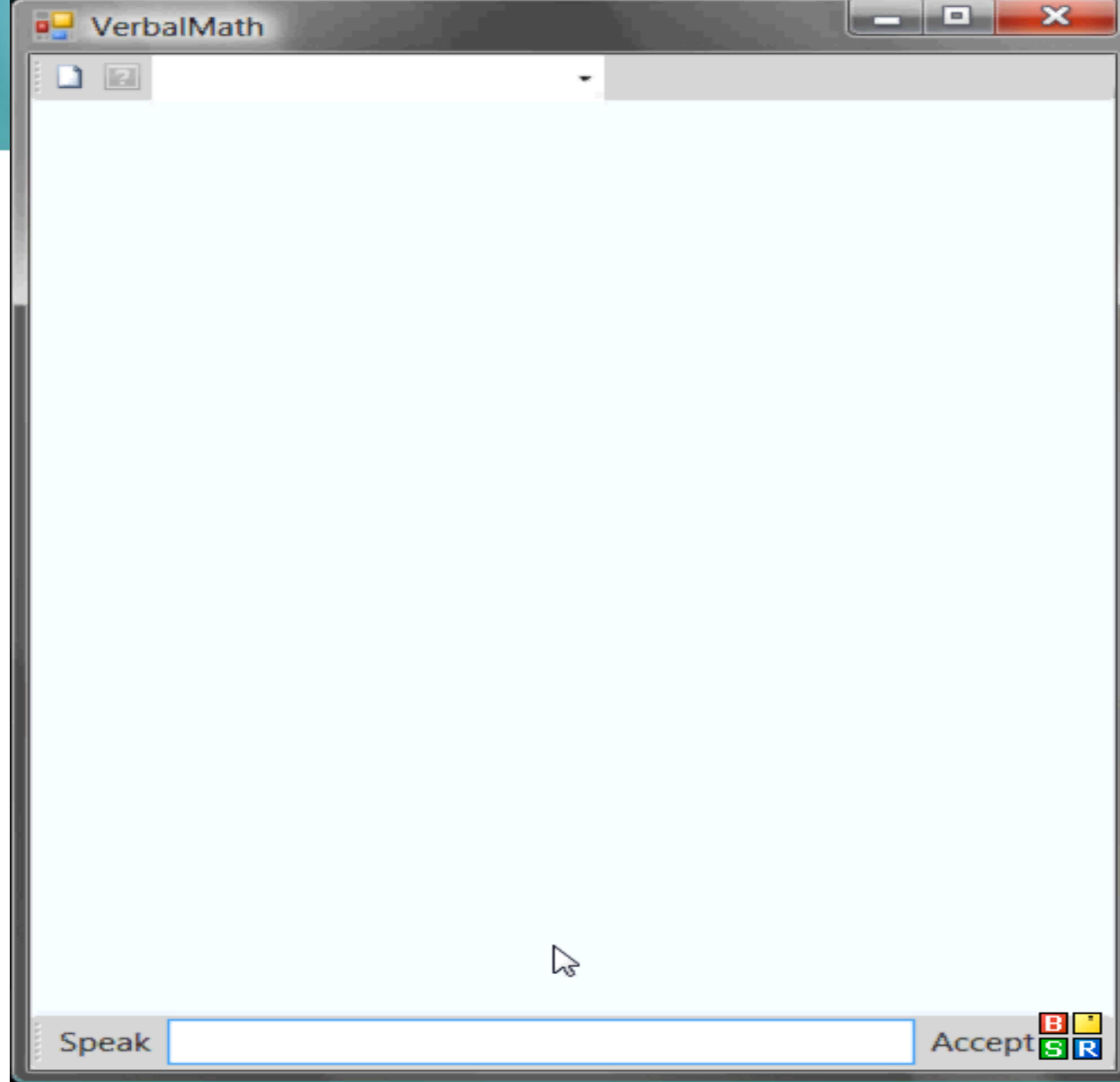
Speech in Education

Xiaolong Li, 2007



VerbalMath

Xiao Li, 2008



Summary

- Speech for gaming applications require clean audio
- Robust voice control requires flexible grammars
- Voice interface is an interdisciplinary field:
 - Use context
 - Think about the user and collect real data

Thank you

The Microsoft logo is centered on the page. It consists of the word "Microsoft" in a bold, italicized, sans-serif font. The letters are black and the font has a slight slant to the right. A registered trademark symbol (®) is located at the top right of the word.

© 2010 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Microsoft, Windows, Windows Vista and other product names are or may be registered trademarks and/or trademarks in the U.S. and/or other countries.
The information herein is for informational purposes only and represents the current view of Microsoft Corporation as of the date of this presentation. Because Microsoft must respond to changing market conditions, it should not be interpreted to be a commitment on the part of Microsoft, and Microsoft cannot guarantee the accuracy of any information provided after the date of this presentation.
MICROSOFT MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY, AS TO THE INFORMATION IN THIS PRESENTATION.